

# SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

FOR COURT USE ONLY  
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

**NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:  
(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):**

MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC., a California corporation; MT COLLISION CENTERS, LLC, a California limited liability company; (See attached)

**YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:  
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):**

MARIA VAZQUEZ, an individual, on behalf of herself, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated,

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center ([www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp](http://www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp)), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site ([www.lawhelpcalifornia.org](http://www.lawhelpcalifornia.org)), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center ([www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp](http://www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp)), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. **NOTE:** The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case. **¡AVISO!** Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California ([www.sucorte.ca.gov](http://www.sucorte.ca.gov)), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, ([www.lawhelpcalifornia.org](http://www.lawhelpcalifornia.org)), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, ([www.sucorte.ca.gov](http://www.sucorte.ca.gov)) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. **AVISO:** Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is:  
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es): Stanley Mosk Courthouse  
111 North Hill Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012

CASE NUMBER:  
(Número del Caso):

22STCV34689

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:  
(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): Jean-Claude Lapuyade Esq. 5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600, Los Angeles, CA 92121, T: (619) 599-8292

DATE: 10/31/2022  
(Fecha)

Clerk, by Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer / Clerk of Court, Deputy  
(Secretario) G. Carini (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)  
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).



**NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED:** You are served

- as an individual defendant.
- as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):
- on behalf of (specify):  
under:  CCP 416.10 (corporation)  CCP 416.60 (minor)  
 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)  CCP 416.70 (conservatee)  
 CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)  CCP 416.90 (authorized person)  
 other (specify):
- by personal delivery on (date):

SHORT TITLE:

Maria Vasquez v. Mt Collision Centers, Inc., et al.

CASE NUMBER:

22ST CV 34689

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

- This form may be used as an attachment to any summons if space does not permit the listing of all parties on the summons.
- If this attachment is used, insert the following statement in the plaintiff or defendant box on the summons: "Additional Parties Attachment form is attached."

List additional parties (Check only one box. Use a separate page for each type of party.):

Plaintiff     Defendant     Cross-Complainant     Cross-Defendant

CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive

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**ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC**

Shani O. Zakay (State Bar #277924)  
Jackland K. Hom (State Bar #327243)  
Julieann Alvarado (State Bar #334727)  
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600  
San Diego, CA 92121  
Telephone: (619) 255-9047  
Facsimile: (858) 404-9203  
[shani@zakaylaw.com](mailto:shani@zakaylaw.com)  
[jackland@zakaylaw.com](mailto:jackland@zakaylaw.com)  
[julieann@zakaylaw.com](mailto:julieann@zakaylaw.com)

**JCL LAW FIRM, APC**

Jean-Claude Lapuyade (State Bar #248676)  
Sydney Castillo-Johnson (State Bar #343881)  
Monnett De La Torre (State Bar #272884)  
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600  
San Diego, CA 92121  
Telephone: (619) 599-8292  
Facsimile: (619) 599-8291  
[jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com](mailto:jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com)  
[scastillo@jcl-lawfirm.com](mailto:scastillo@jcl-lawfirm.com)  
[mdelatorre@jcl-lawfirm.com](mailto:mdelatorre@jcl-lawfirm.com)

Attorneys for PLAINTIFF

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

**IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

MARIA VAZQUEZ, an individual, on behalf of herself, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC., a California corporation; MT COLLISION CENTERS, LLC, a California limited liability company; CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No: **22STCV34689**

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:**

- 1) UNFAIR COMPETITION IN VIOLATION OF CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §17200 *et seq*;
- 2) FAILURE TO PAY MINIMUM WAGES IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 1194, 1197 & 1197.1;
- 3) FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 510, *et seq*;
- 4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE REQUIRED MEAL PERIODS IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 226.7 & 512 AND THE APPLICABLE IWC WAGE ORDER;
- 5) FAILURE TO PROVIDE REQUIRED REST PERIODS IN VIOLATION OF CAL.

- LAB. CODE §§ 226.7 & 512 AND THE APPLICABLE IWC WAGE ORDER;
- 6) FAILURE TO REIMBURSE EMPLOYEES FOR REQUIRED EXPENSES IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE § 2802;
  - 7) FAILURE TO PROVIDE WAGES WHEN DUE IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 201, 202 AND 203;
  - 8) FAILURE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE ITEMIZED STATEMENTS IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE § 226;
  - 9) VIOLATION OF THE PRIVATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL ACT [LABOR CODE §§ 2698 ET SEQ

**DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL**

PLAINTIFF MARIA VAZQUEZ (“PLAINTIFF”), an individual, on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated current and former employees, allege on information and belief, except for her own acts and knowledge which are based on personal knowledge, the following:

**PRELIMINARY ALLEGATIONS**

1. Defendant MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC. (“Defendant Mt Collision Inc.”) is a California corporation that at all relevant times mentioned herein conducted and continues to conduct substantial and regular business throughout California.

2. Defendant MT COLLISION CENTERS LLC (“Defendant Mt Collision LLC”) is a California limited liability company that at all relevant times mentioned herein conducted and continues to conduct substantial and regular business throughout California.

3. Defendant CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC is an Illinois limited liability company (“Defendant Crash Champions”) that at all relevant times mentioned herein conducted and continues to conduct substantial and regular business throughout California.

4. Defendant Mt Collision Inc., Defendant Mt Collision LLC, and Defendant Crash Champions were the joint employers of PLAINTIFF as evidenced by the documents issued to PLAINTIFF and by the company PLAINTIFF performed work for respectively and are therefore jointly responsible as employers for the conduct alleged herein as “DEFENDANTS” and/or “DEFENDANT.”

1           5.     DEFENDANT owns, operates, and/or manages auto body repair shops throughout  
2 the state of California, including the county of Los Angeles, where PLAINTIFF worked.

3           6.     PLAINTIFF was employed by DEFENDANT in California from June of 2021 to  
4 September of 2021 and from December of 2021 to June of 2022 as a non-exempt employee, paid  
5 on an hourly basis, and entitled to the legally required meal and rest periods and payment of  
6 minimum and overtime wages due for all time worked.

7           7.     PLAINTIFF brings this Class Action on behalf of herself and a California class,  
8 defined as all persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant Mt Collision Inc. and/or  
9 Defendant Mt Collision LLC and/or Defendant Crash Champions in California and classified as  
10 non-exempt employees (the "CALIFORNIA CLASS") at any time during the period beginning  
11 four (4) years prior to the filing of this Complaint and ending on the date as determined by the  
12 Court (the "CLASS PERIOD"). The amount in controversy for the aggregate claim of the  
13 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members is under five million dollars (\$5,000,000.00).

14           8.     PLAINTIFF brings this Class Action on behalf of herself and a CALIFORNIA  
15 CLASS in order to fully compensate the CALIFORNIA CLASS for their losses incurred during  
16 the CLASS PERIOD caused by DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice which failed to  
17 lawfully compensate these employees. DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice alleged  
18 herein was an unlawful, unfair, and deceptive business practice whereby DEFENDANT retained  
19 and continues to retain wages due to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
20 CLASS. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS seek an injunction  
21 enjoining such conduct by DEFENDANT in the future, relief for the named PLAINTIFF and the  
22 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS who have been economically injured by  
23 DEFENDANT's past and current unlawful conduct, and all other appropriate legal and equitable  
24 relief.

25           9.     The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, subsidiary,  
26 partnership, associate or otherwise of DEFENDANTS DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, are  
27 presently unknown to PLAINTIFF who therefore sues these DEFENDANTS by such fictitious  
28 names pursuant to Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 474. PLAINTIFF will seek leave to amend this

1 Complaint to allege the true names and capacities of Does 1 through 50, inclusive, when they are  
2 ascertained. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief  
3 alleges, that the DEFENDANTS named in this Complaint, including DOES 1 through 50,  
4 inclusive, are responsible in some manner for one or more of the events and happenings that  
5 proximately caused the injuries and damages hereinafter alleged.

6       10. The agents, servants and/or employees of the Defendants and each of them acting  
7 on behalf of the Defendants acted within the course and scope of his, her or its authority as the  
8 agent, servant and/or employee of the Defendants, and personally participated in the conduct  
9 alleged herein on behalf of the Defendants with respect to the conduct alleged herein.  
10 Consequently, the acts of each Defendant are legally attributable to the other Defendants and all  
11 Defendants are jointly and severally liable to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
12 CALIFORNIA CLASS, for the loss sustained as a proximate result of the conduct of the  
13 Defendants' agents, servants and/or employees.

14       11. DEFENDANTS were PLAINTIFF'S employers or persons acting on behalf of the  
15 PLAINTIFF'S employer, within the meaning of California Labor Code § 558, who violated or  
16 caused to be violated, a section of Part 2, Chapter 1 of the California Labor Code or any provision  
17 regulating hours and days of work in any order of the Industrial Welfare Commission and, as  
18 such, are subject to civil penalties for each underpaid employee, as set forth in Labor Code § 558,  
19 at all relevant times.

20       12. DEFENDANTS were PLAINTIFF'S employers or persons acting on behalf of  
21 PLAINTIFF'S employer either individually or as an officer, agent, or employee of another person,  
22 within the meaning of California Labor Code § 1197.1, who paid or caused to be paid to any  
23 employee a wage less than the minimum fixed by California state law, and as such, are subject to  
24 civil penalties for each underpaid employee.

25       13. DEFENDANT'S uniform policies and practices alleged herein were unlawful,  
26 unfair, and deceptive business practices whereby DEFENDANT retained and continue to retain  
27 wages due to PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS.  
28

1           14.    PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS seek an injunction  
2 enjoining such conduct by DEFENDANT in the future, relief for the named PLAINTIFF and  
3 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS who has been economically injured by  
4 DEFENDANT's past and current unlawful conduct, and all other appropriate legal and equitable  
5 relief.

6                                    **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

7           15.    This Court has jurisdiction over this Action pursuant to California Code of Civil  
8 Procedure, Section 410.10 and California Business & Professions Code, Section 17203. This  
9 action is brought as a Class Action on behalf of PLAINTIFF and similarly situated employees of  
10 DEFENDANT pursuant to Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. § 382.

11           16.    Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure,  
12 Sections 395 and 395.5, because DEFENDANT operates in locations across California, employs  
13 the CALIFORNIA CLASS across California, including in this County, and committed the  
14 wrongful conduct herein alleged in this County against the CALIFORNIA CLASS.

15                                    **THE CONDUCT**

16           17.    In violation of the applicable sections of the California Labor Code and the  
17 requirements of the Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC") Wage Order, DEFENDANT as a  
18 matter of company policy, practice, and procedure, intentionally, knowingly, and systematically  
19 failed to provide legally compliant meal and rest periods, failed to accurately compensate  
20 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for missed meal and rest  
21 periods, failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for all  
22 time worked, failed compensate PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
23 for off-the-clock work, failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
24 CLASS overtime at the correct regular rate of pay, failed to compensate PLAINTIFF and other  
25 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS meal rest premiums at the regular rate, failed to reimburse  
26 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for business expenses, and failed to issue  
27 to PLAINTIFF and the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS with accurate itemized wage  
28 statements showing, among other things, all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay

1 periods and the corresponding amount of time worked at each hourly rate. DEFENDANT's  
2 uniform policies and practices are intended to purposefully avoid the accurate and full payment  
3 for all time worked as required by California law which allows DEFENDANT to illegally profit  
4 and gain an unfair advantage over competitors who comply with the law. To the extent equitable  
5 tolling operates to toll claims by the CALIFORNIA CLASS against DEFENDANT, the CLASS  
6 PERIOD should be adjusted accordingly.

7 **A. Meal Period Violations**

8 18. Pursuant to the Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders, DEFENDANT was  
9 required to pay PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for all their time worked,  
10 meaning the time during which an employee is subject to the control of an employer, including  
11 all the time the employee is suffered or permitted to work. From time to time during the CLASS  
12 PERIOD, DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members to work  
13 without paying them for all the time they were under DEFENDANT's control. Specifically,  
14 DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF to work while clocked out during what was supposed to be  
15 PLAINTIFF's off-duty meal break. Indeed, there were many days where PLAINTIFF did not  
16 even receive a partial lunch. As a result, the PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS  
17 Members forfeited minimum wage and overtime compensation by regularly working without their  
18 time being accurately recorded and without compensation at the applicable minimum wage and  
19 overtime rates. DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice not to pay PLAINTIFF and other  
20 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for all time worked is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business  
21 records.

22 19. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, as a result of their rigorous work  
23 schedules and DEFENDANT's inadequate staffing practices, PLAINTIFF and other  
24 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are from time to time unable to take thirty (30) minute off duty  
25 meal breaks and were not fully relieved of duty for their meal periods. PLAINTIFF and other  
26 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are required to perform work as ordered by DEFENDANT for  
27 more than five (5) hours during some shifts without receiving a meal break. Further,  
28 DEFENDANT fails to provide PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with a second



1 off-duty meal period for some workdays in which these employees are required by DEFENDANT  
2 to work ten (10) hours of work. The nature of the work performed by PLAINTIFF and other  
3 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members does not qualify for the limited and narrowly construed “on-  
4 duty” meal period exception. When they were provided with meal periods, PLAINTIFF and other  
5 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were, from time to time, required to remain on duty and on call.  
6 DEFENDANT’s failure to provide PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with  
7 legally required meal breaks is evidenced by DEFENDANT’s business records. PLAINTIFF and  
8 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS therefore forfeit meal breaks without additional  
9 compensation and in accordance with DEFENDANT’s strict corporate policy and practice.

10 **B. Rest Period Violations**

11 20. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and other  
12 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were also required to work in excess of four (4) hours without  
13 being provided ten (10) minute rest periods as a result of their rigorous work requirements and  
14 DEFENDANT’s inadequate staffing. Further, for the same reasons, these employees were denied  
15 their first rest periods of at least ten (10) minutes for some shifts worked of at least two (2) to four  
16 (4) hours from time to time, a first and second rest period of at least ten (10) minutes for some  
17 shifts worked of between six (6) and eight (8) hours from time to time, and a first, second and  
18 third rest period of at least ten (10) minutes for some shifts worked of ten (10) hours or more from  
19 time to time. When they were provided with rest breaks, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
20 CLASS Members were, from time to time, required to remain on duty and/or on call. PLAINTIFF  
21 and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were also not provided with one-hour wages *in lieu*  
22 thereof. As a result of their rigorous work schedules and DEFENDANT’s inadequate staffing,  
23 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were from time to time denied their  
24 proper rest periods by DEFENDANT and DEFENDANT’s managers.

25 **C. Unreimbursed Business Expenses**

26 21. DEFENDANT as a matter of corporate policy, practice, and procedure,  
27 intentionally, knowingly, and systematically failed to reimburse and indemnify the PLAINTIFF  
28 and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for required business expenses incurred by the

1 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members in direct consequence of discharging  
2 their duties on behalf of DEFENDANT. Under California Labor Code Section 2802, employers  
3 are required to indemnify employees for all expenses incurred in the course and scope of their  
4 employment. Cal. Lab. Code § 2802 expressly states that "an employer shall indemnify his or her  
5 employee for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence  
6 of the discharge of his or her duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer,  
7 even though unlawful, unless the employee, at the time of obeying the directions, believed them  
8 to be unlawful."

9         22. In the course of their employment, DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF and other  
10 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members to incur personal expenses for the use of their personal cell  
11 phones as a result of and in furtherance of their job duties. Specifically, PLAINTIFF and other  
12 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were required to use their own cell phones in order to perform  
13 work related tasks. However, DEFENDANT unlawfully failed to reimburse PLAINTIFF and  
14 other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for the use of their personal cell phones. As a result, in  
15 the course of their employment with DEFENDANT, the PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
16 CLASS Members incurred unreimbursed business expenses that included, but were not limited  
17 to, costs related to the use of their personal cell phones, all on behalf of and for the benefit of  
18 DEFENDANT.

19         **D. Wage Statement Violations**

20         23. California Labor Code Section 226 required an employer to furnish its employees  
21 and accurate itemized wage statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours  
22 worked, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece-rate, (4) all deductions,  
23 (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the  
24 name of the employee and only the last four digits of the employee's social security number or an  
25 employee identification number other than a social security number, (8) the name and address of  
26 the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay  
27 period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee.  
28

1           24. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, when PLAINTIFF and other  
2 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members missed meal and rest breaks, or were paid inaccurately for  
3 missed meal and rest period premiums, or were not paid for all hours worked, DEFENDANT also  
4 failed to provide PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with complete and  
5 accurate wage statements which failed to show, among other things, all deductions, the total hours  
6 worked and all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period, and the corresponding  
7 amount of time worked at each hourly rate, correct rates of pay for penalty payments or missed  
8 meal and rest periods. Further, DEFENDANT from time to time failed to provide PLAINTIFF  
9 and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with wage statements that provided the correct name  
10 and address of the legal entity that is the employer, in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226(a)(8).

11           25. In addition to the foregoing, DEFENDANT, from time to time, failed to provide  
12 PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with wage statements that comply with  
13 Cal. Lab. Code § 226.

14           26. As a result, DEFENDANT issued PLAINTIFF and other members of the  
15 CALIFORNIA CLASS with wage statements that violate Cal. Lab. Code § 226. Further,  
16 DEFENDANT's violations are knowing and intentional, were not isolated due to an unintentional  
17 payroll error due to clerical or inadvertent mistake.

18       **E. Off-the-Clock Work Resulting in Minimum Wage and Overtime Violations**

19           27. During the CLASS PERIOD, from time-to-time DEFENDANT failed and  
20 continues to fail to accurately pay PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
21 for all hours worked.

22           28. During the CLASS PERIOD, from time-to-time DEFENDANT required  
23 PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS to perform pre-shift or post-shift  
24 work, including but not limited to, submitting to Covid-19 health screenings. This resulted in  
25 PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS to have to work while off-the-  
26 clock.

27           29. DEFENDANT directed and directly benefited from the undercompensated off-the-  
28 clock work performed by PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.

1           30.    DEFENDANT controlled the work schedules, duties, and protocols, applications,  
2 assignments, and employment conditions of PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
3 CALIFORNIA CLASS.

4           31.    DEFENDANT was able to track the amount of time PLAINTIFF and the other  
5 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS spent working; however, DEFENDANT failed to  
6 document, track, or pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS all  
7 wages earned and owed for all the work they performed.

8           32.    PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were non-  
9 exempt employees, subject to the requirements of the California Labor Code.

10          33.    DEFENDANT’s policies and practices deprived PLAINTIFF and the other  
11 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members of all minimum regular, overtime, and double time wages owed  
12 for the off-the-clock work activities. Because PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
13 CALIFORNIA CLASS typically worked over forty (40) hours in a workweek, and more than  
14 eight (8) hours per day, DEFENDANT’s policies and practices also deprived them of overtime  
15 pay.

16          34.    DEFENDANT knew or should have known that PLAINTIFF and the other  
17 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS off-the-clock work was compensable under the law.

18          35.    As a result, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
19 forfeited wages due to them for all hours worked at DEFENDANT’s direction, control, and  
20 benefit for the time spent working while off-the-clock, including but not limited to, time spent  
21 submitting to Covid-19 health screenings. DEFENDANT’s uniform policy and practice to not  
22 pay PLAINTIFF and the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS wages for all hours worked in  
23 accordance with applicable law is evidenced by DEFENDANT’s business records.

24       **F. Regular Rate Violation – Overtime, Double Time, Meal and Rest Period Premiums,**  
25       **and Redeemed Sick Pay**

26          36.    From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANT failed and  
27 continues to fail to accurately calculate and pay PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS  
28 Members for their overtime and double time hours worked, meal and rest period premiums, and

1 redeemed sick pay. As a result, PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
2 forfeited wages due to them for working overtime without compensation at the correct overtime  
3 and double time rates, meal and rest period premiums, and redeemed sick pay rates.  
4 DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice not to pay the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members at  
5 the correct rate for all overtime and double time worked, meal and rest period premiums, and  
6 redeemed sick pay in accordance with applicable law is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business  
7 records.

8         37. State law provides that employees must be paid overtime at one-and-one-half times  
9 their "regular rate of pay." PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were  
10 compensated at an hourly rate plus incentive pay that was tied to specific elements of an  
11 employee's performance.

12         38. The second component of PLAINTIFF's and other CALIFORNIA CLASS  
13 Members' compensation was DEFENDANTS' non-discretionary incentive program that paid  
14 PLAINTIFF and other CLASS MEMBERS incentive wages based on their performance for  
15 DEFENDANTS. The non-discretionary bonus program provided all employees paid on an hourly  
16 basis with bonus compensation when the employees met the various performance goals set by  
17 DEFENDANTS.

18         39. However, from-time-to-time, when calculating the regular rate of pay, in those pay  
19 periods where PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS members worked overtime, double  
20 time, paid meal and rest period premium payments, and/or redeemed sick pay, and earned non-  
21 discretionary bonus, DEFENDANTS failed to accurately include the non-discretionary bonus  
22 compensation as part of the employees' "regular rate of pay" and/or calculated all hours worked  
23 rather than just all non-overtime hours worked. Management and supervisors described the  
24 incentive/bonus program to potential and new employees as part of the compensation package.  
25 As a matter of law, the incentive compensation received by PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
26 CLASS members must be included in the "regular rate of pay." The failure to do so has resulted  
27 in a systematic underpayment of overtime and double time compensation, meal and rest period  
28 premiums, and redeemed sick pay to PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS members by

1 DEFENDANTS. Specifically, California Labor Code Section 246 mandates that paid sick time  
2 for non-employees shall be calculated in the same manner as the regular rate of pay for the  
3 workweek in which the non-exempt employee uses paid sick time, whether or not the employee  
4 actually works overtime in that workweek. DEFENDANTS' conduct, as articulated herein, by  
5 failing to include the incentive compensation as part of the "regular rate of pay" for purposes of  
6 sick pay compensation was in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 246 the underpayment of which is  
7 recoverable under Cal. Labor Code Sections 201, 202, 203 and/or 204.

8 40. In violation of the applicable sections of the California Labor Code and the  
9 requirements of the Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC") Wage Order, DEFENDANT as a  
10 matter of company policy, practice, and procedure, intentionally and knowingly failed to  
11 compensate PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS at the correct rate  
12 of pay for all overtime and double time worked, meal and rest period premiums, and sick pay.  
13 This uniform policy and practice of DEFENDANT is intended to purposefully avoid the payment  
14 of the correct overtime and double time compensation, meal and rest period premiums, and sick  
15 pay as required by California law which allowed DEFENDANT to illegally profit and gain an  
16 unfair advantage over competitors who complied with the law. To the extent equitable tolling  
17 operates to toll claims by the CALIFORNIA CLASS members against DEFENDANT, the  
18 CLASS PERIOD should be adjusted accordingly.

19 **G. Violations for Untimely Payment of Wages**

20 41. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 204, PLAINTIFF and the  
21 CALIFORNIA CLASS members were entitled to timely payment of wages during their  
22 employment. PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members, from time to time, did not  
23 receive payment of all wages, including, but not limited to, overtime wages, minimum wages,  
24 meal period premium wages, and rest period premium wages within permissible time period.

25 **H. Unlawful Deductions**

26 42. DEFENDANTS, from time-to-time unlawfully deducted wages from PLAINTIFF  
27 and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members' pay without explanations and without authorization to do  
28

1 so or notice to PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members. As a result,  
2 DEFENDANTS violated Labor Code § 221.

3 43. Specifically, as to PLAINTIFF, PLAINTIFF was from time to time unable to take  
4 off duty meal and rest breaks and was not fully relieved of duty for her rest and meal periods.  
5 PLAINTIFF was required to perform work as ordered by DEFENDANT for more than five (5)  
6 hours during a shift without receiving an off-duty meal break. Further, DEFENDANT failed to  
7 provide PLAINTIFF with a second off-duty meal period each workday in which she was required  
8 by DEFENDANT to work ten (10) hours of work. When DEFENDANT provided PLAINTIFF  
9 with a rest break, they required PLAINTIFF to remain on-duty and on-call for the rest break.  
10 DEFENDANT policy caused PLAINTIFF to remain on-call and on-duty during what was  
11 supposed to be her off-duty meal periods. PLAINTIFF therefore forfeited meal and rest breaks  
12 without additional compensation and in accordance with DEFENDANT’S strict corporate policy  
13 and practice. Moreover, DEFENDANT also provided PLAINTIFF with paystubs that failed to  
14 comply with Cal. Lab. Code § 226. Further, DEFENDANT also failed to reimburse PLAINTIFF  
15 for required business expenses related to the personal expenses incurred for the use of her personal  
16 cell phone, on behalf of and in furtherance of her employment with DEFENDANT. To date,  
17 DEFENDANT has not fully paid PLAINTIFF the minimum, overtime and double time  
18 compensation still owed to her or any penalty wages owed to her under Cal. Lab. Code § 203.  
19 The amount in controversy for PLAINTIFF individually does not exceed the sum or value of  
20 \$75,000.

21 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

22 44. PLAINTIFF bring this Class Action on behalf of herself, and a California class  
23 defined as all persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant Mt Collision Inc. and/or  
24 Defendant Mt Collision LLC and/or Defendant Crash Champions in California and classified as  
25 non-exempt employees (the “CALIFORNIA CLASS”) at any time during the period beginning  
26 four (4) years prior to the filing of this Complaint and ending on the date as determined by the  
27 Court (the “CLASS PERIOD”).  
28

1           45. PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members have uniformly been  
2 deprived of wages and penalties from unpaid wages earned and due, including but not limited to  
3 unpaid minimum wages, unpaid overtime compensation, unpaid meal and rest period premiums,  
4 illegal meal and rest period policies, failed to reimburse for business expenses, failed compensate  
5 for off-the-clock work, failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to maintain  
6 required records, and interest, statutory and civil penalties, attorney's fees, costs, and expenses.

7           46. The members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all class members is  
8 impractical.

9           47. Common questions of law and fact regarding DEFENDANT's conduct, including  
10 but not limited to, off-the-clock work, unpaid meal and rest period premiums, failure to accurately  
11 calculate the regular rate of pay for overtime compensation, failure to accurately calculate the  
12 regular rate of compensation for missed meal and rest period premiums, failing to provide legally  
13 compliant meal and rest periods, failed to reimburse for business expenses, failure to provide  
14 accurate itemized wage statements accurate, and failure to ensure they are paid at least minimum  
15 wage and overtime, exist as to all members of the class and predominate over any questions  
16 affecting solely any individual members of the class. Among the questions of law and fact  
17 common to the class are:

- 18           a. Whether DEFENDANT maintained legally compliant meal period policies and  
19 practices;
- 20           b. Whether DEFENDANT maintained legally compliant rest period policies and  
21 practices;
- 22           c. Whether DEFENDANT failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
23 Members accurate premium payments for missed meal and rest periods;
- 24           d. Whether DEFENDANT failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
25 Members accurate overtime wages;
- 26           e. Whether DEFENDANT failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
27 Members at least minimum wage for all hours worked;



- 1 f. Whether DEFENDANT failed to compensate PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA
- 2 CLASS Members for required business expenses;
- 3 g. Whether DEFENDANT issued legally compliant wage statements;
- 4 h. Whether DEFENDANT committed an act of unfair competition by systematically
- 5 failing to record and pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA
- 6 CLASS for all time worked;
- 7 i. Whether DEFENDANT committed an act of unfair competition by systematically
- 8 failing to record all meal and rest breaks missed by PLAINTIFF and other
- 9 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members, even though DEFENDANT enjoyed the benefit
- 10 of this work, required employees to perform this work and permits or suffers to
- 11 permit this work;
- 12 j. Whether DEFENDANT committed an act of unfair competition in violation of the
- 13 UCL, by failing to provide the PLAINTIFF and the other members of the
- 14 CALIFORNIA CLASS with the legally required meal and rest periods.

15 48. PLAINTIFF are members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS and suffered damages as  
16 a result of DEFENDANT’s conduct and actions alleged herein.

17 49. PLAINTIFF’S claims are typical of the claims of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, and  
18 PLAINTIFF have the same interests as the other members of the class.

19 50. PLAINTIFF will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the  
20 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.

21 51. PLAINTIFF retained able class counsel with extensive experience in class action  
22 litigation.

23 52. Further, PLAINTIFF’S interests are coincident with, and not antagonistic to, the  
24 interest of the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.

25 53. There is a strong community of interest among PLAINTIFF and the members of  
26 the CALIFORNIA CLASS to, inter alia, ensure that the combined assets of DEFENDANT are  
27 sufficient to adequately compensate the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for the injuries  
28 sustained.

1           54. The questions of law and fact common to the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
2 predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, including legal and factual  
3 issues relating to liability and damages.

4           55. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient  
5 adjudication of this controversy because joinder of all class members is impractical. Moreover,  
6 since the damages suffered by individual members of the class may be relatively small, the  
7 expense and burden of individual litigation makes it practically impossible for the members of the  
8 class individually to redress the wrongs done to them. Without class certification and  
9 determination of declaratory, injunctive, statutory, and other legal questions within the class  
10 format, prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS will  
11 create the risk of:

- 12           a. Inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the  
13 CALIFORNIA CLASS which would establish incompatible standards of conduct  
14 for the parties opposing the CALIFORNIA CLASS; and/or,
- 15           b. Adjudication with respect to individual members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
16 which would as a practical matter be dispositive of the interests of the other  
17 members not party to the adjudication or substantially impair or impeded their  
18 ability to protect their interests.

19           56. Class treatment provides manageable judicial treatment calculated to bring an  
20 efficient and rapid conclusion to all litigation of all wage and hour related claims arising out of  
21 the conduct of DEFENDANT.

## **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

### **Unlawful Business Practices**

**(Cal. Bus. And Prof. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*)**

**(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

22  
23  
24  
25  
26           57. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
27 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
28 Complaint.

1           58.     DEFENDANT is a “person” as that term is defined under Cal. Bus. And Prof.  
2 Code § 17021.

3           59.     California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* (the “UCL”) defines  
4 unfair competition as any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice. Section 17203  
5 authorizes injunctive, declaratory, and/or other equitable relief with respect to unfair competition  
6 as follows:

7           Any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition may  
8 be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. The court may make such orders or  
9 judgments, including the appointment of a receiver, as may be necessary to prevent the  
10 use or employment by any person of any practice which constitutes unfair competition, as  
11 defined in this chapter, or as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any  
12 money or property, real or personal, which may have been acquired by means of such  
13 unfair competition. (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203).

14           60.     By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT has engaged and continues to  
15 engage in a business practice which violates California law, including but not limited to, the  
16 applicable Wage Order(s), the California Code of Regulations and the California Labor Code  
17 including Sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, and  
18 2802, for which this Court should issue declaratory and other equitable relief pursuant to Cal.  
19 Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203 as may be necessary to prevent and remedy the conduct held to  
20 constitute unfair competition, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.

21           61.     By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT’s practices were unlawful and unfair  
22 in that these practices violated public policy, were immoral, unethical, oppressive unscrupulous  
23 or substantially injurious to employees, and were without valid justification or utility for which  
24 this Court should issue equitable and injunctive relief pursuant to Section 17203 of the California  
25 Business & Professions Code, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.

26           62.     By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT’s practices were deceptive and  
27 fraudulent in that DEFENDANT’s uniform policy and practice failed to provide the legally  
28 mandated meal and rest periods and the required amount of compensation for missed meal and  
rest periods, failed to pay minimum and overtime wages owed, and failed to reimburse all  
necessary business expenses incurred, due to a systematic business practice that cannot be  
justified, pursuant to the applicable Cal. Lab. Code, and Industrial Welfare Commission

1 requirements in violation of Cal. Bus. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*, and for which this Court should  
2 issue injunctive and equitable relief, pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203, including  
3 restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.

4 63. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT's practices were also unlawful,  
5 unfair, and deceptive in that DEFENDANT's employment practices caused PLAINTIFF and the  
6 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS to be underpaid during their employment with  
7 DEFENDANT.

8 64. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT's practices were also unfair and  
9 deceptive in that DEFENDANT's uniform policies, practices and procedures failed to provide  
10 mandatory meal and/or rest breaks to PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members as  
11 required by Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7 and 512.

12 65. Therefore, PLAINTIFF demands on behalf of herself and on behalf of each  
13 CALIFORNIA CLASS member, one (1) hour of pay for each workday in which an off-duty meal  
14 period was not timely provided for each five (5) hours of work, and/or one (1) hour of pay for  
15 each workday in which a second off-duty meal period was not timely provided for each ten (10)  
16 hours of work.

17 66. PLAINTIFF further demands on behalf of herself and on behalf of each  
18 CALIFORNIA CLASS member, one (1) hour of pay for each workday in which a rest period was  
19 not timely provided as required by law.

20 67. By and through the unlawful and unfair business practices described herein,  
21 DEFENDANT has obtained valuable property, money and services from PLAINTIFF and the  
22 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, including earned wages for all time worked, and  
23 has deprived them of valuable rights and benefits guaranteed by law and contract, all to the  
24 detriment of these employees and to the benefit of DEFENDANT so as to allow DEFENDANT  
25 to unfairly compete against competitors who comply with the law.

26 68. All the acts described herein as violations of, among other things, the Industrial  
27 Welfare Commission Wage Orders, the California Code of Regulations, and the California Labor  
28 Code, were unlawful and in violation of public policy, were immoral, unethical, oppressive, and

1 unscrupulous, were deceptive, and thereby constitute unlawful, unfair, and deceptive business  
2 practices in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

3 69. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS are entitled to,  
4 and do, seek such relief as may be necessary to restore to them the money and property which  
5 DEFENDANT has acquired, or of which PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
6 CALIFORNIA CLASS have been deprived, by means of the above described unlawful and unfair  
7 business practices, including earned but unpaid wages for all time worked.

8 70. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS are further  
9 entitled to, and do, seek a declaration that the described business practices are unlawful, unfair,  
10 and deceptive, and that injunctive relief should be issued restraining DEFENDANT from  
11 engaging in any unlawful and unfair business practices in the future.

12 71. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS have no plain,  
13 speedy and/or adequate remedy at law that will end the unlawful and unfair business practices of  
14 DEFENDANT. Further, the practices herein alleged presently continue to occur unabated. As a  
15 result of the unlawful and unfair business practices described herein, PLAINTIFF and the other  
16 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable legal  
17 and economic harm unless DEFENDANT is restrained from continuing to engage in these  
18 unlawful and unfair business practices.

19 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 **Failure To Pay Minimum Wages**

21 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1197 and 1197.1)**

22 **Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against ALL Defendants)**

23 72. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
24 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
25 Complaint.

26 73. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS bring a claim for  
27 DEFENDANT's willful and intentional violations of the California Labor Code and the Industrial  
28

1 Welfare Commission requirements for DEFENDANT's failure to accurately calculate and pay  
2 minimum wages to PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.

3 74. Pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 204, other applicable laws and regulations, and public  
4 policy, an employer must timely pay its employees for all hours worked.

5 75. Cal. Lab. Code § 1197 provides the minimum wage for employees fixed by the  
6 commission is the minimum wage to be paid to employees, and the payment of a less wage than  
7 the minimum so fixed is unlawful.

8 76. Cal. Lab. Code § 1194 establishes an employee's right to recover unpaid wages,  
9 including minimum wage compensation and interest thereon, together with the costs of suit.

10 77. DEFENDANT maintained a uniform wage practice of paying PLAINTIFF and the  
11 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS without regard to the correct amount of time they  
12 work. As set forth herein, DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice was to unlawfully and  
13 intentionally deny timely payment of wages due to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
14 CALIFORNIA CLASS.

15 78. DEFENDANT's uniform pattern of unlawful wage and hour practices manifested,  
16 without limitation, applicable to the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a whole, as a result of  
17 implementing a uniform policy and practice that denies accurate compensation to PLAINTIFF  
18 and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS in regard to minimum wage pay.

19 79. In committing these violations of the California Labor Code, DEFENDANT  
20 inaccurately calculated the correct time worked and consequently underpaid the actual time  
21 worked by PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS. DEFENDANT acted  
22 in an illegal attempt to avoid the payment of all earned wages, and other benefits in violation of  
23 the California Labor Code, the Industrial Welfare Commission requirements and other applicable  
24 laws and regulations.

25 80. As a direct result of DEFENDANT's unlawful wage practices as alleged herein,  
26 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS did not receive the correct  
27 minimum wage compensation for their time worked for DEFENDANT.  
28

1           81. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
2 CALIFORNIA CLASS were paid less for time worked that they were entitled to, constituting a  
3 failure to pay all earned wages.

4           82. By virtue of DEFENDANT's unlawful failure to accurately pay all earned  
5 compensation to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for the true  
6 time they worked, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS have  
7 suffered and will continue to suffer an economic injury in amounts which are presently unknown  
8 to them, and which will be ascertained according to proof at trial.

9           83. DEFENDANT knew or should have known that PLAINTIFF and the other  
10 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were under-compensated for their time worked.  
11 DEFENDANT systematically elected, either through intentional malfeasance or gross  
12 nonfeasance, to not pay employees for their labor as a matter of uniform company policy, practice  
13 and procedure, and DEFENDANT perpetrated this systematic scheme by refusing to pay  
14 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS the correct minimum wages  
15 for their time worked.

16           84. In performing the acts and practices herein alleged in violation of California labor  
17 laws, and refusing to compensate the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for all time worked  
18 and provide them with the requisite compensation, DEFENDANT acted and continues to act  
19 intentionally, oppressively, and maliciously toward PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
20 CALIFORNIA CLASS with a conscious and utter disregard for their legal rights, or the  
21 consequences to them, and with the despicable intent of depriving them of their property and legal  
22 rights, and otherwise causing them injury in order to increase company profits at the expense of  
23 these employees.

24           85. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS therefore request  
25 recovery of all unpaid wages, according to proof, interest, statutory costs, as well as the  
26 assessment of any statutory penalties against DEFENDANT, in a sum as provided by the  
27 California Labor Code and/or other applicable statutes. To the extent minimum wage  
28 compensation is determined to be owed to the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members who have

1 terminated their employment, DEFENDANT's conduct also violates Labor Code §§ 201 and/or  
2 202, and therefore these individuals are also be entitled to waiting time penalties under Cal. Lab.  
3 Code § 203, which penalties are sought herein on behalf of these CALIFORNIA CLASS  
4 Members. DEFENDANT's conduct as alleged herein was willful, intentional and not in good  
5 faith. Further, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are entitled to seek and  
6 recover statutory costs.

7 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

8 **Failure To Pay Overtime Compensation**

9 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204, 510, 1194 and 1198)**

10 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against ALL Defendants)**

11 86. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
12 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
13 Complaint.

14 87. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS bring a claim for  
15 DEFENDANT's willful and intentional violations of the California Labor Code and the Industrial  
16 Welfare Commission requirements for DEFENDANT's failure to pay these employees for all  
17 overtime worked, including, work performed in excess of eight (8) hours in a workday, and/or  
18 twelve (12) hours in a workday, and/or forty (40) hours in any workweek.

19 88. Pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 204, other applicable laws and regulations, and public  
20 policy, an employer must timely pay its employees for all hours worked.

21 89. Cal. Lab. Code § 510 provides that employees in California shall not be employed  
22 more than eight (8) hours per workday and/or more than forty (40) hours per workweek unless  
23 they receive additional compensation beyond their regular wages in amounts specified by law.

24 90. Cal. Lab. Code § 1194 establishes an employee's right to recover unpaid wages,  
25 including minimum and overtime compensation and interest thereon, together with the costs of  
26 suit. Cal. Lab. Code § 1198 further states that the employment of an employee for longer hours  
27 than those fixed by the Industrial Welfare Commission is unlawful.

28



1           91. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
2 were required by DEFENDANT to work for DEFENDANT and were not paid for all the time  
3 they worked, including overtime work.

4           92. DEFENDANT's uniform pattern of unlawful wage and hour practices manifested,  
5 without limitation, applicable to the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a whole, as a result of  
6 implementing a uniform policy and practice that failed to accurately record overtime worked by  
7 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members and denied accurate compensation to  
8 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for overtime worked,  
9 including, the overtime work performed in excess of eight (8) hours in a workday, and/or twelve  
10 (12) hours in a workday, and/or forty (40) hours in any workweek.

11           93. In committing these violations of the California Labor Code, DEFENDANT  
12 inaccurately recorded overtime worked and consequently underpaid the overtime worked by  
13 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members. DEFENDANT acted in an illegal  
14 attempt to avoid the payment of all earned wages, and other benefits in violation of the California  
15 Labor Code, the Industrial Welfare Commission requirements and other applicable laws and  
16 regulations.

17           94. As a direct result of DEFENDANT's unlawful wage practices as alleged herein,  
18 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS did not receive the correct  
19 overtime compensation for their time worked for DEFENDANT.

20           95. Cal. Lab. Code § 515 sets out various categories of employees who are exempt  
21 from the overtime requirements of the law. None of these exemptions are applicable to  
22 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS. Further, PLAINTIFF and the  
23 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS are not subject to a valid collective bargaining  
24 agreement that would preclude the causes of action contained herein this Complaint. Rather,  
25 PLAINTIFF bring this Action on behalf of herself, and the CALIFORNIA CLASS, based on  
26 DEFENDANT's violations of non-negotiable, non-waivable rights provided by the State of  
27 California.

28

1           96. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
2 CALIFORNIA CLASS were paid less for overtime worked that they were entitled to, constituting  
3 a failure to pay all earned wages.

4           97. DEFENDANT failed to accurately pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
5 CALIFORNIA CLASS overtime wages for the time they worked which was in excess of the  
6 maximum hours permissible by law as required by Cal. Lab. Code §§ 510, 1194, & 1198, even  
7 though PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were regularly required  
8 to work, and did in fact work overtime, and did in fact work overtime as to which DEFENDANT  
9 failed to accurately record and pay as evidenced by DEFENDANT's business records and  
10 witnessed by employees.

11           98. By virtue of DEFENDANT's unlawful failure to accurately pay all earned  
12 compensation to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for the true  
13 amount of overtime they worked, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
14 CLASS have suffered and will continue to suffer an economic injury in amounts which are  
15 presently unknown to them, and which will be ascertained according to proof at trial.

16           99. DEFENDANT knew or should have known that PLAINTIFF and the other  
17 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were undercompensated for their time worked.  
18 DEFENDANT systematically elected, either through intentional malfeasance or gross  
19 nonfeasance, to not pay them for their labor as a matter of uniform company policy, practice and  
20 procedure, and DEFENDANT perpetrated this systematic scheme by refusing to pay PLAINTIFF  
21 and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS the correct overtime wages for their  
22 overtime worked.

23           100. In performing the acts and practices herein alleged in violation of California labor  
24 laws, and refusing to compensate the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for all time worked  
25 and provide them with the requisite compensation, DEFENDANT acted and continues to act  
26 intentionally, oppressively, and maliciously toward PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
27 CALIFORNIA CLASS with a conscious of and utter disregard for their legal rights, or the  
28 consequences to them, and with the despicable intent of depriving them of their property and legal

1 rights, and otherwise causing them injury in order to increase company profits at the expense of  
2 these employees.

3 101. Therefore, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
4 request recovery of overtime wages, according to proof, interest, statutory costs, as well as the  
5 assessment of any statutory penalties against DEFENDANT, in a sum as provided by the  
6 California Labor Code and/or other applicable statutes. To the extent overtime compensation is  
7 determined to be owed to the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members who have terminated their  
8 employment, DEFENDANT'S conduct also violates Labor Code §§ 201 and/or 202, and therefore  
9 these individuals are also be entitled to waiting time penalties under Cal. Lab. Code § 203, which  
10 penalties are sought herein. DEFENDANT's conduct as alleged herein was willful, intentional,  
11 and not in good faith. Further, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are  
12 entitled to seek and recover statutory costs.

#### 13 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 14 **Failure To Provide Required Meal Periods**

15 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7 & 512)**

16 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

17 102. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
18 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
19 Complaint.

20 103. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANT failed to provide all the legally  
21 required off-duty meal breaks to PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members as  
22 required by the applicable Wage Order and Labor Code. The nature of the work performed by  
23 PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members did not prevent these employees from being  
24 relieved of all of their duties for the legally required off-duty meal periods. As a result of their  
25 rigorous work schedules, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were often not  
26 fully relieved of duty by DEFENDANT for their meal periods. Additionally, DEFENDANT's  
27 failure to provide PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with legally required  
28 meal breaks prior to their fifth (5th) hour of work is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business

1 records. Further, DEFENDANT failed to provide PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS  
2 Members with a second off-duty meal period in some workdays in which these employees were  
3 required by DEFENDANT to work ten (10) hours of work. As a result, PLAINTIFF and other  
4 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS forfeited meal breaks without additional compensation  
5 and in accordance with DEFENDANT's strict corporate policy and practice.

6 104. DEFENDANT further violated California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and the applicable  
7 IWC Wage Order by failing to compensate PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
8 who were not provided a meal period, in accordance with the applicable Wage Order, one  
9 additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each workday that a  
10 meal period was not provided.

11 105. As a proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and  
12 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members have been damaged in an amount according to proof at trial,  
13 and seek all wages earned and due, interest, penalties, expenses and costs of suit.

14 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **Failure To Provide Required Rest Periods**

16 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7 & 512)**

17 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

18 106. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
19 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
20 Complaint.

21 107. From time to time, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were  
22 required to work in excess of four (4) hours without being provided ten (10) minute rest periods.  
23 Further, these employees were denied their first rest periods of at least ten (10) minutes for some  
24 shifts worked of at least two (2) to four (4) hours, a first and second rest period of at least ten (10)  
25 minutes for some shifts worked of between six (6) and eight (8) hours, and a first, second and  
26 third rest period of at least ten (10) minutes for some shifts worked of ten (10) hours or more.  
27 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were also not provided with one-hour  
28 wages *in lieu* thereof. As a result of their rigorous work schedules, PLAINTIFF and other

1 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were periodically denied their proper rest periods by  
2 DEFENDANT and DEFENDANT's managers. In addition, DEFENDANT failed to compensate  
3 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for their rest periods as required by the  
4 applicable Wage Order and Labor Code. As a result, DEFENDANT's failure to provide  
5 PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with all the legally required paid rest  
6 periods is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business records.

7 108. DEFENDANT further violated California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and the applicable  
8 IWC Wage Order by failing to compensate PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
9 who were not provided a rest period, in accordance with the applicable Wage Order, one  
10 additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each workday that rest  
11 period was not provided.

12 109. As a proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and  
13 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members have been damaged in an amount according to proof at trial,  
14 and seek all wages earned and due, interest, penalties, expenses and costs of suit.

### 15 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 16 **Failure To Reimburse Employees for Required Expenses**

17 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 2802)**

18 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

19 110. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
20 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
21 Complaint.

22 111. Cal. Lab. Code § 2802 provides, in relevant part, that:

23 An employer shall indemnify his or her employee for all necessary expenditures or  
24 losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of his or her  
25 duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer, even though  
26 unlawful, unless the employee, at the time of obeying the directions, believed them  
27 to be unlawful.

28 112. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANT violated Cal. Lab.  
Code § 2802, by failing to indemnify and reimburse PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
members for required expenses incurred in the discharge of their job duties for DEFENDANT's

1 benefit. DEFENDANT failed to reimburse PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members  
2 for expenses which included, but were not limited to, personal expenses incurred for the use of  
3 their personal cell phones all on behalf of and for the benefit of DEFENDANT. Specifically,  
4 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were required by DEFENDANT to use  
5 their personal cell phones to execute their essential job duties on behalf of DEFENDANT.  
6 DEFENDANT's uniform policy, practice and procedure was to not reimburse PLAINTIFF and  
7 the CALIFORNIA CLASS members for expenses resulting from the use of personal cell phones  
8 for DEFENDANT within the course and scope of their employment for DEFENDANT. These  
9 expenses were necessary to complete their principal job duties. DEFENDANT is estopped by  
10 DEFENDANT's conduct to assert any waiver of this expectation. Although these expenses were  
11 necessary expenses incurred by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members,  
12 DEFENDANT failed to indemnify and reimburse PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
13 members for these expenses as an employer is required to do under the laws and regulations of  
14 California.

15 113. PLAINTIFF therefore demand reimbursement for expenditures or losses incurred  
16 by her and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members in the discharge of their job duties for  
17 DEFENDANT, or their obedience to the directions of DEFENDANT, with interest at the statutory  
18 rate and costs under Cal. Lab. Code § 2802.

### 19 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 20 **Failure To Provide Accurate Itemized Statements**

21 **(Cal. Lab. Code § 226)**

22 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

23 114. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
24 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
25 Complaint.

26 115. Cal. Labor Code § 226 provides that an employer must furnish employees with an  
27 "accurate itemized" statement in writing showing:

28 a. Gross wages earned,

- 1           b. (2) total hours worked by the employee, except for any employee whose  
2           compensation is solely based on a salary and who is exempt from payment of  
3           overtime under subdivision (a) of Section 515 or any applicable order of the  
4           Industrial Welfare Commission,  
5           c. the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee  
6           is paid on a piece-rate basis,  
7           d. all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee  
8           may be aggregated and shown as one item,  
9           e. net wages earned,  
10          f. the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid,  
11          g. the name of the employee and his or her social security number, except that by  
12             January 1, 2008, only the last four digits of his or her social security number of an  
13             employee identification number other than social security number may be shown  
14             on the itemized statement,  
15          h. the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and  
16          i. all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding  
17             number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee.

18           116. When DEFENDANT did not accurately record PLAINTIFF'S and other  
19 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members' missed meal and rest breaks, or were paid inaccurate missed  
20 meal and rest break premiums, or were not paid for all hours worked, DEFENDANT violated Cal.  
21 Lab. Code § 226 in that DEFENDANT failed to provide PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
22 CLASS Members with complete and accurate wage statements which failed to show, among other  
23 things, all deductions, the accurate gross wages earned, net wages earned, the total hours worked  
24 and all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding amount of  
25 time worked at each hourly rate, and correct rates of pay for penalty payments or missed meal  
26 and rest periods. Further, DEFENDANT from time to time failed to provide PLAINTIFF and  
27 other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with wage statements that provided the correct name and  
28 address of the legal entity that is the employer, in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226(a)(8).

1            117. In addition to the foregoing, DEFENDANT failed to provide itemized wage  
2 statements to PLAINTIFF and members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS that complied with the  
3 requirements of California Labor Code Section 226.

4            118. DEFENDANT knowingly and intentionally failed to comply with Cal. Lab. Code  
5 § 226, causing injury and damages to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
6 CLASS. These damages include, but are not limited to, costs expended calculating the correct  
7 wages for all missed meal and rest breaks and the amount of employment taxes which were not  
8 properly paid to state and federal tax authorities. These damages are difficult to estimate.  
9 Therefore, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS may elect to recover  
10 liquidated damages of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for the initial pay period in which the violation  
11 occurred, and one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each violation in a subsequent pay period  
12 pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 226, in an amount according to proof at the time of trial (but in no  
13 event more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) for PLAINTIFF and each respective member  
14 of the CALIFORNIA CLASS herein).

15                                    **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

16                                    **Failure To Pay Wages When Due**

17                                    **(Cal. Lab. Code § 203)**

18                                    **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

19            119. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
20 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
21 Complaint.

22            120. Cal. Lab. Code § 200 provides that:

23                                    As used in this article:

- 24                                    (d) "Wages" includes all amounts for labor performed by employees of every  
   description, whether the amount is fixed or ascertained by the standard of time,  
25     task, piece, Commission basis, or other method of calculation.  
26                                    (e) "Labor" includes labor, work, or service whether rendered or performed under  
   contract, subcontract, partnership, station plan, or other agreement if the to be  
27     paid for is performed personally by the person demanding payment.  
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1           21. Cal. Lab. Code § 201 provides, in relevant part, that “If an employer discharges  
2 an employee, the wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge are due and payable  
3 immediately.”

4           22. Cal. Lab. Code § 202 provides, in relevant part, that:  
5 If an employee not having a written contract for a definite period quits his or her  
6 employment, his or her wages shall become due and payable not later than 72 hours  
7 thereafter, unless the employee has given 72 hours previous notice of his or her intention  
8 to quit, in which case the employee is entitled to his or her wages at the time of quitting.  
9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an employee who quits without providing a  
72-hour notice shall be entitled to receive payment by mail if he or she so requests and  
designates a mailing address. The date of the mailing shall constitute the date of payment  
for purposes of the requirement to provide payment within 72 hours of the notice of  
quitting.

10           23. There was no definite term in PLAINTIFF’S or any CALIFORNIA CLASS  
11 Members’ employment contract.

12           24. Cal. Lab. Code § 203 provides:  
13 If an employer willfully fails to pay, without abatement or reduction, in accordance with  
14 Sections 201, 201.5, 202, and 205.5, any wages of an employee who is discharged or who  
15 quits, the wages of the employee shall continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at  
the same rate until paid or until an action therefor is commenced; but the wages shall not  
continue for more than 30 days.

16           25. The employment of PLAINTIFF and many CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
17 terminated, and DEFENDANT has not tendered payment of wages to these employees who  
18 missed meal and rest breaks, as required by law.

19           26. Therefore, as provided by Cal Lab. Code § 203, on behalf of herself and the  
20 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS whose employment has, PLAINTIFF demand up to thirty  
21 (30) days of pay as penalty for not paying all wages due at time of termination for all employees  
22 who terminated employment during the CLASS PERIOD and demand an accounting and payment  
23 of all wages due, plus interest and statutory costs as allowed by law.

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1 **NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **VIOLATION OF THE PRIVATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL ACT**

3 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§2698 et seq.)**

4 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF against all Defendants)**

5 127. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates by this reference, as though fully set forth  
6 herein, the prior paragraphs of this Complaint.

7 128. PAGA is a mechanism by which the State of California itself can enforce state  
8 labor laws through the employee suing under the PAGA who does so as the proxy or agent of  
9 the state's labor law enforcement agencies. An action to recover civil penalties under PAGA is  
10 fundamentally a law enforcement action designed to protect the public and not to benefit private  
11 parties. The purpose of the PAGA is not to recover damages or restitution, but to create a means  
12 of "deputizing" citizens as private attorneys general to enforce the Labor Code. In enacting  
13 PAGA, the California Legislature specified that "it was ... in the public interest to allow aggrieved  
14 employees, acting as private attorneys general to recover civil penalties for Labor Code  
15 violations ..." (Stats. 2003, ch. 906, § 1). Accordingly, PAGA claims cannot be subject to  
16 arbitration.

17 129. PLAINTIFF, and such persons that may be added from time to time who satisfy  
18 the requirements and exhaust the administrative procedures under the Private Attorney General  
19 Act, bring this Representative Action on behalf of the State of California with respect to himself  
20 and all employees who worked for Defendant in California during the time period of August 25,  
21 2021 until the present (the "AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES").

22 130. On August 25, 2022, PLAINTIFF gave written notice by certified mail to the  
23 Labor and Workforce Development Agency (the "Agency") and the employer of the specific  
24 provisions of this code alleged to have been violated as required by Labor Code § 2699.3. See  
25 Exhibit #1, attached hereto and incorporated by this reference herein. The statutory waiting  
26 period for Plaintiff to add these allegations to the Complaint has expired. As a result, pursuant  
27 to Section 2699.3, Plaintiff may now commence a representative civil action under PAGA  
28

1 pursuant to Section 2699 as the proxy of the State of California with respect to all AGGRIEVED  
2 EMPLOYEES as herein defined.

3 131. The policies, acts and practices heretofore described were and are an unlawful  
4 business act or practice because DEFENDANTS (a) failed to pay AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES  
5 minimum wages and overtime wages, (b) failed to provide AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES legally  
6 required meal and rest breaks, (c) failed to pay AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES at the correct  
7 regular rate of pay, (d) failed to pay AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES for all time worked, and (e)  
8 failed to timely pay wages, all in violation of the applicable Labor Code sections listed in Labor  
9 Code §2699.5, including but not limited to Labor Code §§ 201, 201.3, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5,  
10 218.6, 221, 226, 226.2, 226.3, 226.7, 246, 510, 512, 558, 1174(d), 1174.5, 1194, 1197, 1197.1,  
11 1197.14, 1198, 1198.5, 1199, 2802, 2804, and the applicable Industrial Wage Order(s), and  
12 thereby gives rise to statutory penalties as a result of such conduct. PLAINTIFF hereby seeks  
13 recovery of civil penalties as prescribed by the Labor Code Private Attorney General Act of 2004  
14 as the representative of the State of California for the illegal conduct perpetrated on PLAINTIFF  
15 and the other AGGRIEVED EMPLOYEES.

16  
17 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

18 WHEREFORE, PLAINTIFF pray for a judgment against each Defendant, jointly and  
19 severally, as follows:

20 1. On behalf of the CALIFORNIA CLASS:

- 21 a. That the Court certify the First Cause of Action asserted by the CALIFORNIA  
22 CLASS as a class action pursuant to Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. § 382;
- 23 b. An order temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining and restraining  
24 DEFENDANT from engaging in similar unlawful conduct as set forth herein;
- 25 c. An order requiring DEFENDANT to pay all overtime wages and all sums  
26 unlawfully withheld from compensation due to PLAINTIFF and the other members  
27 of the CALIFORNIA CLASS; and
- 28 d. Restitutionary disgorgement of DEFENDANT's ill-gotten gains into a fluid fund

1 for restitution of the sums incidental to DEFENDANT's violations due to  
2 PLAINTIFF and to the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS.

3 2. On behalf of the CALIFORNIA CLASS:

- 4 a. That the Court certify the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth  
5 Causes of Action asserted by the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a class action pursuant  
6 to Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. § 382;
- 7 b. Compensatory damages, according to proof at trial, including compensatory  
8 damages for overtime compensation due to PLAINTIFF and the other members of  
9 the CALIFORNIA CLASS, during the applicable CLASS PERIOD plus interest  
10 thereon at the statutory rate;
- 11 c. Meal and rest period compensation pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512 and  
12 the applicable IWC Wage Order;
- 13 d. The greater of all actual damages or fifty dollars (\$50) for the initial pay period in  
14 which a violation occurs and one hundred dollars (\$100) per each member of the  
15 CALIFORNIA CLASS for each violation in a subsequent pay period, not exceeding  
16 an aggregate penalty of four thousand dollars (\$4,000), and an award of costs for  
17 violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226
- 18 e. The wages of all terminated employees from the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a  
19 penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action  
20 therefore is commenced, in accordance with Cal. Lab. Code § 203.
- 21 f. The amount of the expenses PLAINTIFF and each member of the CALIFORNIA  
22 CLASS incurred in the course of their job duties, plus interest, and costs of suit.

23 3. On behalf of the State of California and with respect to all AGGRIEVED  
24 EMPLOYEES: Recovery of civil penalties as prescribe by the Labor Code Private  
25 Attorneys General Act of 2004;

26 4. On all claims:


- 27 a. An award of interest, including prejudgment interest at the legal rate;
- 28 b. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable; and

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c. An award of penalties, attorneys' fees, and costs of suit, as allowable under the law, including, but not limited to, pursuant to Labor Code § 218.5, § 226, and/or § 1194.

DATED: October 31, 2022

JCL LAW FIRM, APC


By:   
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jean-Claude Lapuyade  
Attorney for PLAINTIFF

**DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL**

PLAINTIFF demands a jury trial on issues triable to a jury.

DATED: October 31, 2022

JCL LAW FIRM, APC

By:   
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jean-Claude Lapuyade  
Attorney for PLAINTIFF

# **EXHIBIT 1**



Client No. 53401

August 25, 2022

**Via Online Filing to LWDA and Certified Mail to Defendants**  
**Labor and Workforce Development Agency**  
Online Filing

**MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC.**

c/o Timothy J. Mullahey  
4620 E Cerro Vista Dr.  
Anaheim, CA 92807

***Sent via Certified Mail and Return Receipt 7021 1970 0001 8870 1033***

**MT COLLISION CENTERS, LLC**

c/o CT Corporation System  
330 N Brand Blvd., Suite 700  
Glendale, CA 91203

***Sent via Certified Mail and Return Receipt 7021 1970 0001 8870 1040***

**CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC**

c/o CT Corporation System  
330 N Brand Blvd., Suite 700  
Glendale, CA 91203

***Sent via Certified Mail and Return Receipt 7021 1970 0001 8870 1026***

**Re: Notice of Violations of California Labor Code Sections 201, 201.3, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 226, 226.2, 226.3, 226.7, 246, 510, 512, 558, 1174(d), 1174.5, 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.14, 1198, 1198.5, 1199, 2802, 2804, and Violation of Applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order(s), and Pursuant to California Labor Code Section 2699.5**

Dear Sir/Madam:

Our offices represent Plaintiff MARIA VAZQUEZ (“Plaintiff”), and other aggrieved employees in a proposed lawsuit against Defendant MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC. (“Defendant Mt Collision Inc.”), Defendant MT COLLISION CENTERS, LLC (“Defendant “Mt Collision LLC”) and Defendant CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC (Defendant “Crash Champions”) (hereinafter collectively “Defendants”). Plaintiff was employed by Defendants in California from June of 2021 to September of 2021 and from December of 2021 to June of 2022, as a non-exempt employee, paid on an hourly basis, and entitled to payment of all wages and the legally required meal and rest breaks and payment of minimum and overtime wages due for all time worked. Defendants, however, unlawfully failed to record and pay Plaintiff and other aggrieved employees for all of their time worked, and for all of their meal breaks and rest breaks. Further, Defendants failed to timely pay Plaintiff and other aggrieved employees for earned wages.

As a consequence, Plaintiff contend that Defendants failed to fully compensate her and other similarly situated and aggrieved employees, for all earned wages and failed to provide California-compliant meal and rest breaks and accurate wage statements. Accordingly, Plaintiff contends that Defendants' conduct violated Labor Code sections §§ 201, 201.3, 202, 203, 204, 210, 218.5, 218.6, 221, 226, 226.2, 226.3, 226.7, 246, 510, 512, 558, 1174(d), 1174.5, 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1197.14, 1198, 1198.5, 1199, 2802, 2804, and Violation of Applicable Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order(s), and Pursuant to California Labor Code Section 2699.5 *et seq.*

**Plaintiff seeks to represent a group of aggrieved employees defined as all non-exempt employees who worked for Defendant Mt Collision Inc. and/or Defendant Mt Collision LLC and/or Defendant Crash Champions in California during the relevant claim period.**

A true and correct copy of the proposed Complaint is attached hereto. The Complaint (i) identifies the alleged violations, (ii) details the facts and theories which support the alleged violations, (iii) details the specific work performed by Plaintiff, (iv) sets forth the people/entities, dates, classifications, violations, events, and actions which are at issue to the extent known to the Plaintiff, and (v) sets forth the illegal practices used by Defendants, is attached hereto. This information provides notice to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency of the facts and theories supporting the alleged violations for the agency's reference. Plaintiff therefore incorporates the allegations of the attached Complaint into this letter as if fully set forth herein. If the agency needs any further information, please do not hesitate to ask.

To the extent that entities and/or individuals are named and charged with violations of the Labor Code—making them liable on an individual basis as permitted by numerous Labor Code Sections including, but not limited to 558, 558.1, and 1197.1—Plaintiff reserves any and all rights to add, substitute, or change the name of employer entities and/or individuals responsible for the violations at issue.

Any further amendments and changes to this notice shall relate back to the date of this notice. Consequently, Defendants are on notice that Plaintiff continues her investigation, with the full intent to amend and/or change this notice, to add any undiscovered violations of any of the provisions of the California Labor Code—to the extent that are applicable to this case—and to change and/or add the identities of any entities and/or individuals responsible for the violations contained herein.

This notice is provided to enable Plaintiff to proceed with the Complaint against Defendants as authorized by California Labor Code section 2695, *et seq.* The lawsuit consists of other aggrieved employees. As counsel, our intention is to vigorously prosecute the claims as alleged in the Complaint, and to procure civil penalties as provided by the Private Attorney General Act of 2004 on behalf of Plaintiff and all aggrieved California employees.

Your earliest response to this notice is appreciated. If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me at the above number and address.

Sincerely,



Shani O. Zakay  
Attorney for Plaintiff



**ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC**

Shani O. Zakay (State Bar #277924)  
Jackland K. Hom (State Bar #327243)  
Julieann Alvarado (State Bar #334727)  
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600  
San Diego, CA 92121  
Telephone: (619) 255-9047  
Facsimile: (858) 404-9203  
[shani@zakaylaw.com](mailto:shani@zakaylaw.com)  
[jackland@zakaylaw.com](mailto:jackland@zakaylaw.com)  
[julieann@zakaylaw.com](mailto:julieann@zakaylaw.com)

**JCL LAW FIRM, APC**

Jean-Claude Lapuyade (State Bar #248676)  
Sydney S. Castillo-Johnson (State Bar #343881)  
5440 Morehouse Drive, Suite 3600  
San Diego, CA 92121  
Telephone: (619) 599-8292  
Facsimile: (619) 599-8291  
[jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com](mailto:jlapuyade@jcl-lawfirm.com)  
[scastillo@jcl-lawfirm.com](mailto:scastillo@jcl-lawfirm.com)

Attorneys for PLAINTIFF

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

**IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

MARIA VAZQUEZ, an individual, on behalf of herself, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC., a California corporation; MT COLLISION CENTERS, LLC, a California limited liability company; CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC, an Illinois limited liability company; and DOES 1-50, Inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No:

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:**

- 1) UNFAIR COMPETITION IN VIOLATION OF CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE §17200 *et seq*;
- 2) FAILURE TO PAY MINIMUM WAGES IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 1194, 1197 & 1197.1;
- 3) FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 510, *et seq*;
- 4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE REQUIRED MEAL PERIODS IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 226.7 & 512 AND THE APPLICABLE IWC WAGE ORDER;
- 5) FAILURE TO PROVIDE REQUIRED REST PERIODS IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 226.7 & 512 AND THE APPLICABLE IWC WAGE ORDER;

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- 6) FAILURE TO REIMBURSE EMPLOYEES FOR REQUIRED EXPENSES IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE § 2802;
  - 7) FAILURE TO PROVIDE WAGES WHEN DUE IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 201, 202 AND 203;
  - 8) FAILURE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE ITEMIZED STATEMENTS IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE § 226

**DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL**

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PLAINTIFF MARIA VAZQUEZ (“PLAINTIFF”), an individual, on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated current and former employees, allege on information and belief, except for her own acts and knowledge which are based on personal knowledge, the following:

**PRELIMINARY ALLEGATIONS**

1. Defendant MT COLLISION CENTERS, INC. (“Defendant Mt Collision Inc.”) is a California corporation that at all relevant times mentioned herein conducted and continues to conduct substantial and regular business throughout California.

2. Defendant MT COLLISION CENTERS LLC (“Defendant Mt Collision LLC”) is a California limited liability company that at all relevant times mentioned herein conducted and continues to conduct substantial and regular business throughout California.

3. Defendant CRASH CHAMPIONS, LLC is an Illinois limited liability company (“Defendant Crash Champions”) that at all relevant times mentioned herein conducted and continues to conduct substantial and regular business throughout California.

4. Defendant Mt Collision Inc., Defendant Mt Collision LLC, and Defendant Crash Champions were the joint employers of PLAINTIFF as evidenced by the documents issued to PLAINTIFF and by the company PLAINTIFF performed work for respectively and are therefore jointly responsible as employers for the conduct alleged herein as “DEFENDANTS” and/or “DEFENDANT.”

5. DEFENDANT owns, operates, and/or manages auto body repair shops throughout the state of California, including the county of Los Angeles, where PLAINTIFF worked.

1           6.     PLAINTIFF was employed by DEFENDANT in California from June of 2021 to  
2 September of 2021 and from December of 2021 to June of 2022 as a non-exempt employee, paid  
3 on an hourly basis, and entitled to the legally required meal and rest periods and payment of  
4 minimum and overtime wages due for all time worked.

5           7.     PLAINTIFF brings this Class Action on behalf of herself and a California class,  
6 defined as all persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant Mt Collision Inc. and/or  
7 Defendant Mt Collision LLC and/or Defendant Crash Champions in California and classified as  
8 non-exempt employees (the “CALIFORNIA CLASS”) at any time during the period beginning  
9 four (4) years prior to the filing of this Complaint and ending on the date as determined by the  
10 Court (the “CLASS PERIOD”). The amount in controversy for the aggregate claim of the  
11 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members is under five million dollars (\$5,000,000.00).

12           8.     PLAINTIFF brings this Class Action on behalf of herself and a CALIFORNIA  
13 CLASS in order to fully compensate the CALIFORNIA CLASS for their losses incurred during  
14 the CLASS PERIOD caused by DEFENDANT’s uniform policy and practice which failed to  
15 lawfully compensate these employees. DEFENDANT’s uniform policy and practice alleged  
16 herein was an unlawful, unfair, and deceptive business practice whereby DEFENDANT retained  
17 and continues to retain wages due to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
18 CLASS. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS seek an injunction  
19 enjoining such conduct by DEFENDANT in the future, relief for the named PLAINTIFF and the  
20 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS who have been economically injured by  
21 DEFENDANT’s past and current unlawful conduct, and all other appropriate legal and equitable  
22 relief.

23           9.     The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, subsidiary,  
24 partnership, associate or otherwise of DEFENDANTS DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, are  
25 presently unknown to PLAINTIFF who therefore sues these DEFENDANTS by such fictitious  
26 names pursuant to Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 474. PLAINTIFF will seek leave to amend this  
27 Complaint to allege the true names and capacities of Does 1 through 50, inclusive, when they are  
28 ascertained. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief

1 alleges, that the DEFENDANTS named in this Complaint, including DOES 1 through 50,  
2 inclusive, are responsible in some manner for one or more of the events and happenings that  
3 proximately caused the injuries and damages hereinafter alleged.

4           10. The agents, servants and/or employees of the Defendants and each of them acting  
5 on behalf of the Defendants acted within the course and scope of his, her or its authority as the  
6 agent, servant and/or employee of the Defendants, and personally participated in the conduct  
7 alleged herein on behalf of the Defendants with respect to the conduct alleged herein.  
8 Consequently, the acts of each Defendant are legally attributable to the other Defendants and all  
9 Defendants are jointly and severally liable to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
10 CALIFORNIA CLASS, for the loss sustained as a proximate result of the conduct of the  
11 Defendants' agents, servants and/or employees.

12           11. DEFENDANTS were PLAINTIFF'S employers or persons acting on behalf of the  
13 PLAINTIFF'S employer, within the meaning of California Labor Code § 558, who violated or  
14 caused to be violated, a section of Part 2, Chapter 1 of the California Labor Code or any provision  
15 regulating hours and days of work in any order of the Industrial Welfare Commission and, as  
16 such, are subject to civil penalties for each underpaid employee, as set forth in Labor Code § 558,  
17 at all relevant times.

18           12. DEFENDANTS were PLAINTIFF'S employers or persons acting on behalf of  
19 PLAINTIFF'S employer either individually or as an officer, agent, or employee of another person,  
20 within the meaning of California Labor Code § 1197.1, who paid or caused to be paid to any  
21 employee a wage less than the minimum fixed by California state law, and as such, are subject to  
22 civil penalties for each underpaid employee.

23           13. DEFENDANT'S uniform policies and practices alleged herein were unlawful,  
24 unfair, and deceptive business practices whereby DEFENDANT retained and continue to retain  
25 wages due to PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS.

26           14. PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS seek an injunction  
27 enjoining such conduct by DEFENDANT in the future, relief for the named PLAINTIFF and  
28 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS who has been economically injured by

1 DEFENDANT’s past and current unlawful conduct, and all other appropriate legal and equitable  
2 relief.

3 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

4 15. This Court has jurisdiction over this Action pursuant to California Code of Civil  
5 Procedure, Section 410.10 and California Business & Professions Code, Section 17203. This  
6 action is brought as a Class Action on behalf of PLAINTIFF and similarly situated employees of  
7 DEFENDANT pursuant to Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. § 382.

8 16. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure,  
9 Sections 395 and 395.5, because DEFENDANT operates in locations across California, employs  
10 the CALIFORNIA CLASS across California, including in this County, and committed the  
11 wrongful conduct herein alleged in this County against the CALIFORNIA CLASS.

12 **THE CONDUCT**

13 17. In violation of the applicable sections of the California Labor Code and the  
14 requirements of the Industrial Welfare Commission (“IWC”) Wage Order, DEFENDANT as a  
15 matter of company policy, practice, and procedure, intentionally, knowingly, and systematically  
16 failed to provide legally compliant meal and rest periods, failed to accurately compensate  
17 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for missed meal and rest  
18 periods, failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for all  
19 time worked, failed compensate PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
20 for off-the-clock work, failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
21 CLASS overtime at the correct regular rate of pay, failed to compensate PLAINTIFF and other  
22 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS meal rest premiums at the regular rate, failed to reimburse  
23 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for business expenses, and failed to issue  
24 to PLAINTIFF and the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS with accurate itemized wage  
25 statements showing, among other things, all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay  
26 periods and the corresponding amount of time worked at each hourly rate. DEFENDANT’s  
27 uniform policies and practices are intended to purposefully avoid the accurate and full payment  
28 for all time worked as required by California law which allows DEFENDANT to illegally profit

1 and gain an unfair advantage over competitors who comply with the law. To the extent equitable  
2 tolling operates to toll claims by the CALIFORNIA CLASS against DEFENDANT, the CLASS  
3 PERIOD should be adjusted accordingly.

4 **A. Meal Period Violations**

5 18. Pursuant to the Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders, DEFENDANT was  
6 required to pay PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for all their time worked,  
7 meaning the time during which an employee is subject to the control of an employer, including  
8 all the time the employee is suffered or permitted to work. From time to time during the CLASS  
9 PERIOD, DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members to work  
10 without paying them for all the time they were under DEFENDANT's control. Specifically,  
11 DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF to work while clocked out during what was supposed to be  
12 PLAINTIFF's off-duty meal break. Indeed, there were many days where PLAINTIFF did not  
13 even receive a partial lunch. As a result, the PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS  
14 Members forfeited minimum wage and overtime compensation by regularly working without their  
15 time being accurately recorded and without compensation at the applicable minimum wage and  
16 overtime rates. DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice not to pay PLAINTIFF and other  
17 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for all time worked is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business  
18 records.

19 19. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, as a result of their rigorous work  
20 schedules and DEFENDANT's inadequate staffing practices, PLAINTIFF and other  
21 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are from time to time unable to take thirty (30) minute off duty  
22 meal breaks and were not fully relieved of duty for their meal periods. PLAINTIFF and other  
23 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are required to perform work as ordered by DEFENDANT for  
24 more than five (5) hours during some shifts without receiving a meal break. Further,  
25 DEFENDANT fails to provide PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with a second  
26 off-duty meal period for some workdays in which these employees are required by DEFENDANT  
27 to work ten (10) hours of work. The nature of the work performed by PLAINTIFF and other  
28 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members does not qualify for the limited and narrowly construed "on-

1 duty” meal period exception. When they were provided with meal periods, PLAINTIFF and other  
2 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were, from time to time, required to remain on duty and on call.  
3 DEFENDANT’s failure to provide PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with  
4 legally required meal breaks is evidenced by DEFENDANT’s business records. PLAINTIFF and  
5 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS therefore forfeit meal breaks without additional  
6 compensation and in accordance with DEFENDANT’s strict corporate policy and practice.

7 **B. Rest Period Violations**

8 20. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and other  
9 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were also required to work in excess of four (4) hours without  
10 being provided ten (10) minute rest periods as a result of their rigorous work requirements and  
11 DEFENDANT’s inadequate staffing. Further, for the same reasons, these employees were denied  
12 their first rest periods of at least ten (10) minutes for some shifts worked of at least two (2) to four  
13 (4) hours from time to time, a first and second rest period of at least ten (10) minutes for some  
14 shifts worked of between six (6) and eight (8) hours from time to time, and a first, second and  
15 third rest period of at least ten (10) minutes for some shifts worked of ten (10) hours or more from  
16 time to time. When they were provided with rest breaks, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
17 CLASS Members were, from time to time, required to remain on duty and/or on call. PLAINTIFF  
18 and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were also not provided with one-hour wages *in lieu*  
19 thereof. As a result of their rigorous work schedules and DEFENDANT’s inadequate staffing,  
20 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were from time to time denied their  
21 proper rest periods by DEFENDANT and DEFENDANT’s managers.

22 **C. Unreimbursed Business Expenses**

23 21. DEFENDANT as a matter of corporate policy, practice, and procedure,  
24 intentionally, knowingly, and systematically failed to reimburse and indemnify the PLAINTIFF  
25 and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for required business expenses incurred by the  
26 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members in direct consequence of discharging  
27 their duties on behalf of DEFENDANT. Under California Labor Code Section 2802, employers  
28 are required to indemnify employees for all expenses incurred in the course and scope of their

1 employment. Cal. Lab. Code § 2802 expressly states that "an employer shall indemnify his or her  
2 employee for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence  
3 of the discharge of his or her duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer,  
4 even though unlawful, unless the employee, at the time of obeying the directions, believed them  
5 to be unlawful."

6         22. In the course of their employment, DEFENDANT required PLAINTIFF and other  
7 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members to incur personal expenses for the use of their personal cell  
8 phones as a result of and in furtherance of their job duties. Specifically, PLAINTIFF and other  
9 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were required to use their own cell phones in order to perform  
10 work related tasks. However, DEFENDANT unlawfully failed to reimburse PLAINTIFF and  
11 other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for the use of their personal cell phones. As a result, in  
12 the course of their employment with DEFENDANT, the PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
13 CLASS Members incurred unreimbursed business expenses that included, but were not limited  
14 to, costs related to the use of their personal cell phones, all on behalf of and for the benefit of  
15 DEFENDANT.

16         **D. Wage Statement Violations**

17         23. California Labor Code Section 226 required an employer to furnish its employees  
18 and accurate itemized wage statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours  
19 worked, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece-rate, (4) all deductions,  
20 (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the  
21 name of the employee and only the last four digits of the employee's social security number or an  
22 employee identification number other than a social security number, (8) the name and address of  
23 the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay  
24 period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee.

25         24. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, when PLAINTIFF and other  
26 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members missed meal and rest breaks, or were paid inaccurately for  
27 missed meal and rest period premiums, or were not paid for all hours worked, DEFENDANT also  
28 failed to provide PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with complete and



1 accurate wage statements which failed to show, among other things, all deductions, the total hours  
2 worked and all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period, and the corresponding  
3 amount of time worked at each hourly rate, correct rates of pay for penalty payments or missed  
4 meal and rest periods. Further, DEFENDANT from time to time failed to provide PLAINTIFF  
5 and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with wage statements that provided the correct name  
6 and address of the legal entity that is the employer, in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226(a)(8).

7 25. In addition to the foregoing, DEFENDANT, from time to time, failed to provide  
8 PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with wage statements that comply with  
9 Cal. Lab. Code § 226.

10 26. As a result, DEFENDANT issued PLAINTIFF and other members of the  
11 CALIFORNIA CLASS with wage statements that violate Cal. Lab. Code § 226. Further,  
12 DEFENDANT's violations are knowing and intentional, were not isolated due to an unintentional  
13 payroll error due to clerical or inadvertent mistake.

14 **E. Off-the-Clock Work Resulting in Minimum Wage and Overtime Violations**

15 27. During the CLASS PERIOD, from time-to-time DEFENDANT failed and  
16 continues to fail to accurately pay PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
17 for all hours worked.

18 28. During the CLASS PERIOD, from time-to-time DEFENDANT required  
19 PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS to perform pre-shift or post-shift  
20 work, including but not limited to, submitting to Covid-19 health screenings. This resulted in  
21 PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS to have to work while off-the-  
22 clock.

23 29. DEFENDANT directed and directly benefited from the undercompensated off-the-  
24 clock work performed by PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.

25 30. DEFENDANT controlled the work schedules, duties, and protocols, applications,  
26 assignments, and employment conditions of PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
27 CALIFORNIA CLASS.

28

1           31. DEFENDANT was able to track the amount of time PLAINTIFF and the other  
2 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS spent working; however, DEFENDANT failed to  
3 document, track, or pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS all  
4 wages earned and owed for all the work they performed.

5           32. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were non-  
6 exempt employees, subject to the requirements of the California Labor Code.

7           33. DEFENDANT's policies and practices deprived PLAINTIFF and the other  
8 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members of all minimum regular, overtime, and double time wages owed  
9 for the off-the-clock work activities. Because PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
10 CALIFORNIA CLASS typically worked over forty (40) hours in a workweek, and more than  
11 eight (8) hours per day, DEFENDANT's policies and practices also deprived them of overtime  
12 pay.

13           34. DEFENDANT knew or should have known that PLAINTIFF and the other  
14 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS off-the-clock work was compensable under the law.

15           35. As a result, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
16 forfeited wages due to them for all hours worked at DEFENDANT's direction, control, and  
17 benefit for the time spent working while off-the-clock, including but not limited to, time spent  
18 submitting to Covid-19 health screenings. DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice to not  
19 pay PLAINTIFF and the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS wages for all hours worked in  
20 accordance with applicable law is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business records.

21       **F. Regular Rate Violation – Overtime, Double Time, Meal and Rest Period Premiums,**  
22       **and Redeemed Sick Pay**

23           36. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANT failed and  
24 continues to fail to accurately calculate and pay PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS  
25 Members for their overtime and double time hours worked, meal and rest period premiums, and  
26 redeemed sick pay. As a result, PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
27 forfeited wages due to them for working overtime without compensation at the correct overtime  
28 and double time rates, meal and rest period premiums, and redeemed sick pay rates.

1 DEFENDANT’s uniform policy and practice not to pay the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members at  
2 the correct rate for all overtime and double time worked, meal and rest period premiums, and  
3 redeemed sick pay in accordance with applicable law is evidenced by DEFENDANT’s business  
4 records.

5 37. State law provides that employees must be paid overtime at one-and-one-half times  
6 their “regular rate of pay.” PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were  
7 compensated at an hourly rate plus incentive pay that was tied to specific elements of an  
8 employee’s performance.

9 38. The second component of PLAINTIFF’s and other CALIFORNIA CLASS  
10 Members’ compensation was DEFENDANTS’ non-discretionary incentive program that paid  
11 PLAINTIFF and other CLASS MEMBERS incentive wages based on their performance for  
12 DEFENDANTS. The non-discretionary bonus program provided all employees paid on an hourly  
13 basis with bonus compensation when the employees met the various performance goals set by  
14 DEFENDANTS.

15 39. However, from-time-to-time, when calculating the regular rate of pay, in those pay  
16 periods where PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS members worked overtime, double  
17 time, paid meal and rest period premium payments, and/or redeemed sick pay, and earned non-  
18 discretionary bonus, DEFENDANTS failed to accurately include the non-discretionary bonus  
19 compensation as part of the employees’ “regular rate of pay” and/or calculated all hours worked  
20 rather than just all non-overtime hours worked. Management and supervisors described the  
21 incentive/bonus program to potential and new employees as part of the compensation package.  
22 As a matter of law, the incentive compensation received by PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA  
23 CLASS members must be included in the “regular rate of pay.” The failure to do so has resulted  
24 in a systematic underpayment of overtime and double time compensation, meal and rest period  
25 premiums, and redeemed sick pay to PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS members by  
26 DEFENDANTS. Specifically, California Labor Code Section 246 mandates that paid sick time  
27 for non-employees shall be calculated in the same manner as the regular rate of pay for the  
28 workweek in which the non-exempt employee uses paid sick time, whether or not the employee

1 actually works overtime in that workweek. DEFENDANTS' conduct, as articulated herein, by  
2 failing to include the incentive compensation as part of the "regular rate of pay" for purposes of  
3 sick pay compensation was in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 246 the underpayment of which is  
4 recoverable under Cal. Labor Code Sections 201, 202, 203 and/or 204.

5 40. In violation of the applicable sections of the California Labor Code and the  
6 requirements of the Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC") Wage Order, DEFENDANT as a  
7 matter of company policy, practice, and procedure, intentionally and knowingly failed to  
8 compensate PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS at the correct rate  
9 of pay for all overtime and double time worked, meal and rest period premiums, and sick pay.  
10 This uniform policy and practice of DEFENDANT is intended to purposefully avoid the payment  
11 of the correct overtime and double time compensation, meal and rest period premiums, and sick  
12 pay as required by California law which allowed DEFENDANT to illegally profit and gain an  
13 unfair advantage over competitors who complied with the law. To the extent equitable tolling  
14 operates to toll claims by the CALIFORNIA CLASS members against DEFENDANT, the  
15 CLASS PERIOD should be adjusted accordingly.

16 **G. Violations for Untimely Payment of Wages**

17 41. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 204, PLAINTIFF and the  
18 CALIFORNIA CLASS members were entitled to timely payment of wages during their  
19 employment. PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members, from time to time, did not  
20 receive payment of all wages, including, but not limited to, overtime wages, minimum wages,  
21 meal period premium wages, and rest period premium wages within permissible time period.

22 **H. Unlawful Deductions**

23 42. DEFENDANTS, from time-to-time unlawfully deducted wages from PLAINTIFF  
24 and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members' pay without explanations and without authorization to do  
25 so or notice to PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members. As a result,  
26 DEFENDANTS violated Labor Code § 221.

27 43. Specifically, as to PLAINTIFF, PLAINTIFF was from time to time unable to take  
28 off duty meal and rest breaks and was not fully relieved of duty for her rest and meal periods.

1 PLAINTIFF was required to perform work as ordered by DEFENDANT for more than five (5)  
2 hours during a shift without receiving an off-duty meal break. Further, DEFENDANT failed to  
3 provide PLAINTIFF with a second off-duty meal period each workday in which she was required  
4 by DEFENDANT to work ten (10) hours of work. When DEFENDANT provided PLAINTIFF  
5 with a rest break, they required PLAINTIFF to remain on-duty and on-call for the rest break.  
6 DEFENDANT policy caused PLAINTIFF to remain on-call and on-duty during what was  
7 supposed to be her off-duty meal periods. PLAINTIFF therefore forfeited meal and rest breaks  
8 without additional compensation and in accordance with DEFENDANT’S strict corporate policy  
9 and practice. Moreover, DEFENDANT also provided PLAINTIFF with paystubs that failed to  
10 comply with Cal. Lab. Code § 226. Further, DEFENDANT also failed to reimburse PLAINTIFF  
11 for required business expenses related to the personal expenses incurred for the use of her personal  
12 cell phone, on behalf of and in furtherance of her employment with DEFENDANT. To date,  
13 DEFENDANT has not fully paid PLAINTIFF the minimum, overtime and double time  
14 compensation still owed to her or any penalty wages owed to her under Cal. Lab. Code § 203.  
15 The amount in controversy for PLAINTIFF individually does not exceed the sum or value of  
16 \$75,000.

### 17 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

18 44. PLAINTIFF bring this Class Action on behalf of herself, and a California class  
19 defined as all persons who are or previously were employed by Defendant Mt Collision Inc. and/or  
20 Defendant Mt Collision LLC and/or Defendant Crash Champions in California and classified as  
21 non-exempt employees (the “CALIFORNIA CLASS”) at any time during the period beginning  
22 four (4) years prior to the filing of this Complaint and ending on the date as determined by the  
23 Court (the “CLASS PERIOD”).

24 45. PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members have uniformly been  
25 deprived of wages and penalties from unpaid wages earned and due, including but not limited to  
26 unpaid minimum wages, unpaid overtime compensation, unpaid meal and rest period premiums,  
27 illegal meal and rest period policies, failed to reimburse for business expenses, failed compensate  
28

1 for off-the-clock work, failure to provide accurate itemized wage statements, failure to maintain  
2 required records, and interest, statutory and civil penalties, attorney's fees, costs, and expenses.

3 46. The members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all class members is  
4 impractical.

5 47. Common questions of law and fact regarding DEFENDANT's conduct, including  
6 but not limited to, off-the-clock work, unpaid meal and rest period premiums, failure to accurately  
7 calculate the regular rate of pay for overtime compensation, failure to accurately calculate the  
8 regular rate of compensation for missed meal and rest period premiums, failing to provide legally  
9 compliant meal and rest periods, failed to reimburse for business expenses, failure to provide  
10 accurate itemized wage statements accurate, and failure to ensure they are paid at least minimum  
11 wage and overtime, exist as to all members of the class and predominate over any questions  
12 affecting solely any individual members of the class. Among the questions of law and fact  
13 common to the class are:

- 14 a. Whether DEFENDANT maintained legally compliant meal period policies and  
15 practices;
- 16 b. Whether DEFENDANT maintained legally compliant rest period policies and  
17 practices;
- 18 c. Whether DEFENDANT failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
19 Members accurate premium payments for missed meal and rest periods;
- 20 d. Whether DEFENDANT failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
21 Members accurate overtime wages;
- 22 e. Whether DEFENDANT failed to pay PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
23 Members at least minimum wage for all hours worked;
- 24 f. Whether DEFENDANT failed to compensate PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA  
25 CLASS Members for required business expenses;
- 26 g. Whether DEFENDANT issued legally compliant wage statements;

- 1           h. Whether DEFENDANT committed an act of unfair competition by systematically  
2           failing to record and pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
3           CLASS for all time worked;
- 4           i. Whether DEFENDANT committed an act of unfair competition by systematically  
5           failing to record all meal and rest breaks missed by PLAINTIFF and other  
6           CALIFORNIA CLASS Members, even though DEFENDANT enjoyed the benefit  
7           of this work, required employees to perform this work and permits or suffers to  
8           permit this work;
- 9           j. Whether DEFENDANT committed an act of unfair competition in violation of the  
10           UCL, by failing to provide the PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
11           CALIFORNIA CLASS with the legally required meal and rest periods.
- 12         48. PLAINTIFF are members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS and suffered damages as  
13 a result of DEFENDANT's conduct and actions alleged herein.
- 14         49. PLAINTIFF'S claims are typical of the claims of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, and  
15 PLAINTIFF have the same interests as the other members of the class.
- 16         50. PLAINTIFF will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the  
17 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.
- 18         51. PLAINTIFF retained able class counsel with extensive experience in class action  
19 litigation.
- 20         52. Further, PLAINTIFF'S interests are coincident with, and not antagonistic to, the  
21 interest of the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.
- 22         53. There is a strong community of interest among PLAINTIFF and the members of  
23 the CALIFORNIA CLASS to, inter alia, ensure that the combined assets of DEFENDANT are  
24 sufficient to adequately compensate the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for the injuries  
25 sustained.
- 26         54. The questions of law and fact common to the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
27 predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, including legal and factual  
28 issues relating to liability and damages.

1 55. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient  
2 adjudication of this controversy because joinder of all class members is impractical. Moreover,  
3 since the damages suffered by individual members of the class may be relatively small, the  
4 expense and burden of individual litigation makes it practically impossible for the members of the  
5 class individually to redress the wrongs done to them. Without class certification and  
6 determination of declaratory, injunctive, statutory, and other legal questions within the class  
7 format, prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS will  
8 create the risk of:

- 9 a. Inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the  
10 CALIFORNIA CLASS which would establish incompatible standards of conduct  
11 for the parties opposing the CALIFORNIA CLASS; and/or,
- 12 b. Adjudication with respect to individual members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
13 which would as a practical matter be dispositive of the interests of the other  
14 members not party to the adjudication or substantially impair or impeded their  
15 ability to protect their interests.

16 56. Class treatment provides manageable judicial treatment calculated to bring an  
17 efficient and rapid conclusion to all litigation of all wage and hour related claims arising out of  
18 the conduct of DEFENDANT.

19 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 **Unlawful Business Practices**

21 **(Cal. Bus. And Prof. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*)**

22 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

23 57. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
24 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
25 Complaint.

26 58. DEFENDANT is a “person” as that term is defined under Cal. Bus. And Prof.  
27 Code § 17021.  
28



1           59. California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* (the “UCL”) defines  
2 unfair competition as any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice. Section 17203  
3 authorizes injunctive, declaratory, and/or other equitable relief with respect to unfair competition  
4 as follows:

5           Any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition may  
6 be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. The court may make such orders or  
7 judgments, including the appointment of a receiver, as may be necessary to prevent the  
8 use or employment by any person of any practice which constitutes unfair competition, as  
9 defined in this chapter, or as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any  
10 money or property, real or personal, which may have been acquired by means of such  
11 unfair competition. (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203).

12           60. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT has engaged and continues to  
13 engage in a business practice which violates California law, including but not limited to, the  
14 applicable Wage Order(s), the California Code of Regulations and the California Labor Code  
15 including Sections 201, 202, 203, 204, 210, 226.7, 510, 512, 558, 1194, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, and  
16 2802, for which this Court should issue declaratory and other equitable relief pursuant to Cal.  
17 Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203 as may be necessary to prevent and remedy the conduct held to  
18 constitute unfair competition, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.

19           61. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT’s practices were unlawful and unfair  
20 in that these practices violated public policy, were immoral, unethical, oppressive unscrupulous  
21 or substantially injurious to employees, and were without valid justification or utility for which  
22 this Court should issue equitable and injunctive relief pursuant to Section 17203 of the California  
23 Business & Professions Code, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.

24           62. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT’s practices were deceptive and  
25 fraudulent in that DEFENDANT’s uniform policy and practice failed to provide the legally  
26 mandated meal and rest periods and the required amount of compensation for missed meal and  
27 rest periods, failed to pay minimum and overtime wages owed, and failed to reimburse all  
28 necessary business expenses incurred, due to a systematic business practice that cannot be  
justified, pursuant to the applicable Cal. Lab. Code, and Industrial Welfare Commission  
requirements in violation of Cal. Bus. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*, and for which this Court should

1 issue injunctive and equitable relief, pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203, including  
2 restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.

3 63. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT's practices were also unlawful,  
4 unfair, and deceptive in that DEFENDANT's employment practices caused PLAINTIFF and the  
5 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS to be underpaid during their employment with  
6 DEFENDANT.

7 64. By the conduct alleged herein, DEFENDANT's practices were also unfair and  
8 deceptive in that DEFENDANT's uniform policies, practices and procedures failed to provide  
9 mandatory meal and/or rest breaks to PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members as  
10 required by Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7 and 512.

11 65. Therefore, PLAINTIFF demands on behalf of herself and on behalf of each  
12 CALIFORNIA CLASS member, one (1) hour of pay for each workday in which an off-duty meal  
13 period was not timely provided for each five (5) hours of work, and/or one (1) hour of pay for  
14 each workday in which a second off-duty meal period was not timely provided for each ten (10)  
15 hours of work.

16 66. PLAINTIFF further demands on behalf of herself and on behalf of each  
17 CALIFORNIA CLASS member, one (1) hour of pay for each workday in which a rest period was  
18 not timely provided as required by law.

19 67. By and through the unlawful and unfair business practices described herein,  
20 DEFENDANT has obtained valuable property, money and services from PLAINTIFF and the  
21 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, including earned wages for all time worked, and  
22 has deprived them of valuable rights and benefits guaranteed by law and contract, all to the  
23 detriment of these employees and to the benefit of DEFENDANT so as to allow DEFENDANT  
24 to unfairly compete against competitors who comply with the law.

25 68. All the acts described herein as violations of, among other things, the Industrial  
26 Welfare Commission Wage Orders, the California Code of Regulations, and the California Labor  
27 Code, were unlawful and in violation of public policy, were immoral, unethical, oppressive, and  
28

1 unscrupulous, were deceptive, and thereby constitute unlawful, unfair, and deceptive business  
2 practices in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*

3 69. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS are entitled to,  
4 and do, seek such relief as may be necessary to restore to them the money and property which  
5 DEFENDANT has acquired, or of which PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
6 CALIFORNIA CLASS have been deprived, by means of the above described unlawful and unfair  
7 business practices, including earned but unpaid wages for all time worked.

8 70. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS are further  
9 entitled to, and do, seek a declaration that the described business practices are unlawful, unfair,  
10 and deceptive, and that injunctive relief should be issued restraining DEFENDANT from  
11 engaging in any unlawful and unfair business practices in the future.

12 71. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS have no plain,  
13 speedy and/or adequate remedy at law that will end the unlawful and unfair business practices of  
14 DEFENDANT. Further, the practices herein alleged presently continue to occur unabated. As a  
15 result of the unlawful and unfair business practices described herein, PLAINTIFF and the other  
16 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable legal  
17 and economic harm unless DEFENDANT is restrained from continuing to engage in these  
18 unlawful and unfair business practices.

19 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

20 **Failure To Pay Minimum Wages**

21 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1197 and 1197.1)**

22 **Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against ALL Defendants)**

23 72. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
24 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
25 Complaint.

26 73. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS bring a claim for  
27 DEFENDANT's willful and intentional violations of the California Labor Code and the Industrial  
28

1 Welfare Commission requirements for DEFENDANT's failure to accurately calculate and pay  
2 minimum wages to PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members.

3 74. Pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 204, other applicable laws and regulations, and public  
4 policy, an employer must timely pay its employees for all hours worked.

5 75. Cal. Lab. Code § 1197 provides the minimum wage for employees fixed by the  
6 commission is the minimum wage to be paid to employees, and the payment of a less wage than  
7 the minimum so fixed is unlawful.

8 76. Cal. Lab. Code § 1194 establishes an employee's right to recover unpaid wages,  
9 including minimum wage compensation and interest thereon, together with the costs of suit.

10 77. DEFENDANT maintained a uniform wage practice of paying PLAINTIFF and the  
11 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS without regard to the correct amount of time they  
12 work. As set forth herein, DEFENDANT's uniform policy and practice was to unlawfully and  
13 intentionally deny timely payment of wages due to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
14 CALIFORNIA CLASS.

15 78. DEFENDANT's uniform pattern of unlawful wage and hour practices manifested,  
16 without limitation, applicable to the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a whole, as a result of  
17 implementing a uniform policy and practice that denies accurate compensation to PLAINTIFF  
18 and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS in regard to minimum wage pay.

19 79. In committing these violations of the California Labor Code, DEFENDANT  
20 inaccurately calculated the correct time worked and consequently underpaid the actual time  
21 worked by PLAINTIFF and other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS. DEFENDANT acted  
22 in an illegal attempt to avoid the payment of all earned wages, and other benefits in violation of  
23 the California Labor Code, the Industrial Welfare Commission requirements and other applicable  
24 laws and regulations.

25 80. As a direct result of DEFENDANT's unlawful wage practices as alleged herein,  
26 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS did not receive the correct  
27 minimum wage compensation for their time worked for DEFENDANT.  
28

1           81. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
2 CALIFORNIA CLASS were paid less for time worked that they were entitled to, constituting a  
3 failure to pay all earned wages.

4           82. By virtue of DEFENDANT's unlawful failure to accurately pay all earned  
5 compensation to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for the true  
6 time they worked, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS have  
7 suffered and will continue to suffer an economic injury in amounts which are presently unknown  
8 to them, and which will be ascertained according to proof at trial.

9           83. DEFENDANT knew or should have known that PLAINTIFF and the other  
10 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were under-compensated for their time worked.  
11 DEFENDANT systematically elected, either through intentional malfeasance or gross  
12 nonfeasance, to not pay employees for their labor as a matter of uniform company policy, practice  
13 and procedure, and DEFENDANT perpetrated this systematic scheme by refusing to pay  
14 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS the correct minimum wages  
15 for their time worked.

16           84. In performing the acts and practices herein alleged in violation of California labor  
17 laws, and refusing to compensate the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for all time worked  
18 and provide them with the requisite compensation, DEFENDANT acted and continues to act  
19 intentionally, oppressively, and maliciously toward PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
20 CALIFORNIA CLASS with a conscious and utter disregard for their legal rights, or the  
21 consequences to them, and with the despicable intent of depriving them of their property and legal  
22 rights, and otherwise causing them injury in order to increase company profits at the expense of  
23 these employees.

24           85. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS therefore request  
25 recovery of all unpaid wages, according to proof, interest, statutory costs, as well as the  
26 assessment of any statutory penalties against DEFENDANT, in a sum as provided by the  
27 California Labor Code and/or other applicable statutes. To the extent minimum wage  
28 compensation is determined to be owed to the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members who have

1 terminated their employment, DEFENDANT's conduct also violates Labor Code §§ 201 and/or  
2 202, and therefore these individuals are also be entitled to waiting time penalties under Cal. Lab.  
3 Code § 203, which penalties are sought herein on behalf of these CALIFORNIA CLASS  
4 Members. DEFENDANT's conduct as alleged herein was willful, intentional and not in good  
5 faith. Further, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are entitled to seek and  
6 recover statutory costs.

7 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

8 **Failure To Pay Overtime Compensation**

9 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204, 510, 1194 and 1198)**

10 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against ALL Defendants)**

11 86. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
12 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
13 Complaint.

14 87. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS bring a claim for  
15 DEFENDANT's willful and intentional violations of the California Labor Code and the Industrial  
16 Welfare Commission requirements for DEFENDANT's failure to pay these employees for all  
17 overtime worked, including, work performed in excess of eight (8) hours in a workday, and/or  
18 twelve (12) hours in a workday, and/or forty (40) hours in any workweek.

19 88. Pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 204, other applicable laws and regulations, and public  
20 policy, an employer must timely pay its employees for all hours worked.

21 89. Cal. Lab. Code § 510 provides that employees in California shall not be employed  
22 more than eight (8) hours per workday and/or more than forty (40) hours per workweek unless  
23 they receive additional compensation beyond their regular wages in amounts specified by law.

24 90. Cal. Lab. Code § 1194 establishes an employee's right to recover unpaid wages,  
25 including minimum and overtime compensation and interest thereon, together with the costs of  
26 suit. Cal. Lab. Code § 1198 further states that the employment of an employee for longer hours  
27 than those fixed by the Industrial Welfare Commission is unlawful.  
28

1           91. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
2 were required by DEFENDANT to work for DEFENDANT and were not paid for all the time  
3 they worked, including overtime work.

4           92. DEFENDANT's uniform pattern of unlawful wage and hour practices manifested,  
5 without limitation, applicable to the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a whole, as a result of  
6 implementing a uniform policy and practice that failed to accurately record overtime worked by  
7 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members and denied accurate compensation to  
8 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for overtime worked,  
9 including, the overtime work performed in excess of eight (8) hours in a workday, and/or twelve  
10 (12) hours in a workday, and/or forty (40) hours in any workweek.

11           93. In committing these violations of the California Labor Code, DEFENDANT  
12 inaccurately recorded overtime worked and consequently underpaid the overtime worked by  
13 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members. DEFENDANT acted in an illegal  
14 attempt to avoid the payment of all earned wages, and other benefits in violation of the California  
15 Labor Code, the Industrial Welfare Commission requirements and other applicable laws and  
16 regulations.

17           94. As a direct result of DEFENDANT's unlawful wage practices as alleged herein,  
18 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS did not receive the correct  
19 overtime compensation for their time worked for DEFENDANT.

20           95. Cal. Lab. Code § 515 sets out various categories of employees who are exempt  
21 from the overtime requirements of the law. None of these exemptions are applicable to  
22 PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS. Further, PLAINTIFF and the  
23 other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS are not subject to a valid collective bargaining  
24 agreement that would preclude the causes of action contained herein this Complaint. Rather,  
25 PLAINTIFF bring this Action on behalf of herself, and the CALIFORNIA CLASS, based on  
26 DEFENDANT's violations of non-negotiable, non-waivable rights provided by the State of  
27 California.

28

1           96. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
2 CALIFORNIA CLASS were paid less for overtime worked that they were entitled to, constituting  
3 a failure to pay all earned wages.

4           97. DEFENDANT failed to accurately pay PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
5 CALIFORNIA CLASS overtime wages for the time they worked which was in excess of the  
6 maximum hours permissible by law as required by Cal. Lab. Code §§ 510, 1194, & 1198, even  
7 though PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were regularly required  
8 to work, and did in fact work overtime, and did in fact work overtime as to which DEFENDANT  
9 failed to accurately record and pay as evidenced by DEFENDANT's business records and  
10 witnessed by employees.

11           98. By virtue of DEFENDANT's unlawful failure to accurately pay all earned  
12 compensation to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for the true  
13 amount of overtime they worked, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
14 CLASS have suffered and will continue to suffer an economic injury in amounts which are  
15 presently unknown to them, and which will be ascertained according to proof at trial.

16           99. DEFENDANT knew or should have known that PLAINTIFF and the other  
17 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS were undercompensated for their time worked.  
18 DEFENDANT systematically elected, either through intentional malfeasance or gross  
19 nonfeasance, to not pay them for their labor as a matter of uniform company policy, practice and  
20 procedure, and DEFENDANT perpetrated this systematic scheme by refusing to pay PLAINTIFF  
21 and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS the correct overtime wages for their  
22 overtime worked.

23           100. In performing the acts and practices herein alleged in violation of California labor  
24 laws, and refusing to compensate the members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS for all time worked  
25 and provide them with the requisite compensation, DEFENDANT acted and continues to act  
26 intentionally, oppressively, and maliciously toward PLAINTIFF and the other members of the  
27 CALIFORNIA CLASS with a conscious of and utter disregard for their legal rights, or the  
28 consequences to them, and with the despicable intent of depriving them of their property and legal



1 rights, and otherwise causing them injury in order to increase company profits at the expense of  
2 these employees.

3 101. Therefore, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
4 request recovery of overtime wages, according to proof, interest, statutory costs, as well as the  
5 assessment of any statutory penalties against DEFENDANT, in a sum as provided by the  
6 California Labor Code and/or other applicable statutes. To the extent overtime compensation is  
7 determined to be owed to the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members who have terminated their  
8 employment, DEFENDANT'S conduct also violates Labor Code §§ 201 and/or 202, and therefore  
9 these individuals are also be entitled to waiting time penalties under Cal. Lab. Code § 203, which  
10 penalties are sought herein. DEFENDANT's conduct as alleged herein was willful, intentional,  
11 and not in good faith. Further, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members are  
12 entitled to seek and recover statutory costs.

#### 13 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 14 **Failure To Provide Required Meal Periods**

15 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7 & 512)**

16 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

17 102. PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
18 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
19 Complaint.

20 103. During the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANT failed to provide all the legally  
21 required off-duty meal breaks to PLAINTIFF and the other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members as  
22 required by the applicable Wage Order and Labor Code. The nature of the work performed by  
23 PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members did not prevent these employees from being  
24 relieved of all of their duties for the legally required off-duty meal periods. As a result of their  
25 rigorous work schedules, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were often not  
26 fully relieved of duty by DEFENDANT for their meal periods. Additionally, DEFENDANT's  
27 failure to provide PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with legally required  
28 meal breaks prior to their fifth (5th) hour of work is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business

1 records. Further, DEFENDANT failed to provide PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS  
2 Members with a second off-duty meal period in some workdays in which these employees were  
3 required by DEFENDANT to work ten (10) hours of work. As a result, PLAINTIFF and other  
4 members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS forfeited meal breaks without additional compensation  
5 and in accordance with DEFENDANT's strict corporate policy and practice.

6 104. DEFENDANT further violated California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and the applicable  
7 IWC Wage Order by failing to compensate PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
8 who were not provided a meal period, in accordance with the applicable Wage Order, one  
9 additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each workday that a  
10 meal period was not provided.

11 105. As a proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and  
12 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members have been damaged in an amount according to proof at trial,  
13 and seek all wages earned and due, interest, penalties, expenses and costs of suit.

14 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

15 **Failure To Provide Required Rest Periods**

16 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7 & 512)**

17 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

18 106. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
19 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
20 Complaint.

21 107. From time to time, PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were  
22 required to work in excess of four (4) hours without being provided ten (10) minute rest periods.  
23 Further, these employees were denied their first rest periods of at least ten (10) minutes for some  
24 shifts worked of at least two (2) to four (4) hours, a first and second rest period of at least ten (10)  
25 minutes for some shifts worked of between six (6) and eight (8) hours, and a first, second and  
26 third rest period of at least ten (10) minutes for some shifts worked of ten (10) hours or more.  
27 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were also not provided with one-hour  
28 wages *in lieu* thereof. As a result of their rigorous work schedules, PLAINTIFF and other

1 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were periodically denied their proper rest periods by  
2 DEFENDANT and DEFENDANT's managers. In addition, DEFENDANT failed to compensate  
3 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members for their rest periods as required by the  
4 applicable Wage Order and Labor Code. As a result, DEFENDANT's failure to provide  
5 PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with all the legally required paid rest  
6 periods is evidenced by DEFENDANT's business records.

7 108. DEFENDANT further violated California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and the applicable  
8 IWC Wage Order by failing to compensate PLAINTIFF and CALIFORNIA CLASS Members  
9 who were not provided a rest period, in accordance with the applicable Wage Order, one  
10 additional hour of compensation at each employee's regular rate of pay for each workday that rest  
11 period was not provided.

12 109. As a proximate result of the aforementioned violations, PLAINTIFF and  
13 CALIFORNIA CLASS Members have been damaged in an amount according to proof at trial,  
14 and seek all wages earned and due, interest, penalties, expenses and costs of suit.

## 15 **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 16 **Failure To Reimburse Employees for Required Expenses**

17 **(Cal. Lab. Code §§ 2802)**

18 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

19 110. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
20 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
21 Complaint.

22 111. Cal. Lab. Code § 2802 provides, in relevant part, that:

23 An employer shall indemnify his or her employee for all necessary expenditures or  
24 losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the discharge of his or her  
25 duties, or of his or her obedience to the directions of the employer, even though  
26 unlawful, unless the employee, at the time of obeying the directions, believed them  
27 to be unlawful.

28 112. From time to time during the CLASS PERIOD, DEFENDANT violated Cal. Lab.  
Code § 2802, by failing to indemnify and reimburse PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
members for required expenses incurred in the discharge of their job duties for DEFENDANT's

1 benefit. DEFENDANT failed to reimburse PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members  
2 for expenses which included, but were not limited to, personal expenses incurred for the use of  
3 their personal cell phones all on behalf of and for the benefit of DEFENDANT. Specifically,  
4 PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members were required by DEFENDANT to use  
5 their personal cell phones to execute their essential job duties on behalf of DEFENDANT.  
6 DEFENDANT's uniform policy, practice and procedure was to not reimburse PLAINTIFF and  
7 the CALIFORNIA CLASS members for expenses resulting from the use of personal cell phones  
8 for DEFENDANT within the course and scope of their employment for DEFENDANT. These  
9 expenses were necessary to complete their principal job duties. DEFENDANT is estopped by  
10 DEFENDANT's conduct to assert any waiver of this expectation. Although these expenses were  
11 necessary expenses incurred by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members,  
12 DEFENDANT failed to indemnify and reimburse PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS  
13 members for these expenses as an employer is required to do under the laws and regulations of  
14 California.

15 113. PLAINTIFF therefore demand reimbursement for expenditures or losses incurred  
16 by her and the CALIFORNIA CLASS members in the discharge of their job duties for  
17 DEFENDANT, or their obedience to the directions of DEFENDANT, with interest at the statutory  
18 rate and costs under Cal. Lab. Code § 2802.

### 19 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 20 **Failure To Provide Accurate Itemized Statements**

21 **(Cal. Lab. Code § 226)**

22 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

23 114. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
24 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
25 Complaint.

26 115. Cal. Labor Code § 226 provides that an employer must furnish employees with an  
27 "accurate itemized" statement in writing showing:

28 a. Gross wages earned,

- b. (2) total hours worked by the employee, except for any employee whose compensation is solely based on a salary and who is exempt from payment of overtime under subdivision (a) of Section 515 or any applicable order of the Industrial Welfare Commission,
- c. the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis,
- d. all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item,
- e. net wages earned,
- f. the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid,
- g. the name of the employee and his or her social security number, except that by January 1, 2008, only the last four digits of his or her social security number of an employee identification number other than social security number may be shown on the itemized statement,
- h. the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and
- i. all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee.

116. When DEFENDANT did not accurately record PLAINTIFF'S and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members' missed meal and rest breaks, or were paid inaccurate missed meal and rest break premiums, or were not paid for all hours worked, DEFENDANT violated Cal. Lab. Code § 226 in that DEFENDANT failed to provide PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with complete and accurate wage statements which failed to show, among other things, all deductions, the accurate gross wages earned, net wages earned, the total hours worked and all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding amount of time worked at each hourly rate, and correct rates of pay for penalty payments or missed meal and rest periods. Further, DEFENDANT from time to time failed to provide PLAINTIFF and other CALIFORNIA CLASS Members with wage statements that provided the correct name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226(a)(8).

1 117. In addition to the foregoing, DEFENDANT failed to provide itemized wage  
2 statements to PLAINTIFF and members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS that complied with the  
3 requirements of California Labor Code Section 226.

4 118. DEFENDANT knowingly and intentionally failed to comply with Cal. Lab. Code  
5 § 226, causing injury and damages to PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA  
6 CLASS. These damages include, but are not limited to, costs expended calculating the correct  
7 wages for all missed meal and rest breaks and the amount of employment taxes which were not  
8 properly paid to state and federal tax authorities. These damages are difficult to estimate.  
9 Therefore, PLAINTIFF and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS may elect to recover  
10 liquidated damages of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for the initial pay period in which the violation  
11 occurred, and one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each violation in a subsequent pay period  
12 pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 226, in an amount according to proof at the time of trial (but in no  
13 event more than four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) for PLAINTIFF and each respective member  
14 of the CALIFORNIA CLASS herein).

15 **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

16 **Failure To Pay Wages When Due**

17 **(Cal. Lab. Code § 203)**

18 **(Alleged by PLAINTIFF and the CALIFORNIA CLASS against all Defendants)**

19 119. PLAINTIFF, and the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS, reallege and  
20 incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, the prior paragraphs of this  
21 Complaint.

22 120. Cal. Lab. Code § 200 provides that:

23 As used in this article:

- 24 (d) "Wages" includes all amounts for labor performed by employees of every  
25 description, whether the amount is fixed or ascertained by the standard of time,  
26 task, piece, Commission basis, or other method of calculation.  
27 (e) "Labor" includes labor, work, or service whether rendered or performed under  
28 contract, subcontract, partnership, station plan, or other agreement if the to be  
paid for is performed personally by the person demanding payment.



1 CLASS as a class action pursuant to Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. § 382;

2 b. An order temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining and restraining  
3 DEFENDANT from engaging in similar unlawful conduct as set forth herein;

4 c. An order requiring DEFENDANT to pay all overtime wages and all sums  
5 unlawfully withheld from compensation due to PLAINTIFF and the other members  
6 of the CALIFORNIA CLASS; and

7 d. Restitutionary disgorgement of DEFENDANT's ill-gotten gains into a fluid fund  
8 for restitution of the sums incidental to DEFENDANT's violations due to  
9 PLAINTIFF and to the other members of the CALIFORNIA CLASS.

10 2. On behalf of the CALIFORNIA CLASS:

11 a. That the Court certify the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth  
12 Causes of Action asserted by the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a class action pursuant  
13 to Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. § 382;

14 b. Compensatory damages, according to proof at trial, including compensatory  
15 damages for overtime compensation due to PLAINTIFF and the other members of  
16 the CALIFORNIA CLASS, during the applicable CLASS PERIOD plus interest  
17 thereon at the statutory rate;

18 c. Meal and rest period compensation pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512 and  
19 the applicable IWC Wage Order;

20 d. The greater of all actual damages or fifty dollars (\$50) for the initial pay period in  
21 which a violation occurs and one hundred dollars (\$100) per each member of the  
22 CALIFORNIA CLASS for each violation in a subsequent pay period, not exceeding  
23 an aggregate penalty of four thousand dollars (\$4,000), and an award of costs for  
24 violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226

25 e. The wages of all terminated employees from the CALIFORNIA CLASS as a  
26 penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action  
27 therefore is commenced, in accordance with Cal. Lab. Code § 203.

28 f. The amount of the expenses PLAINTIFF and each member of the CALIFORNIA



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CLASS incurred in the course of their job duties, plus interest, and costs of suit.

3. On all claims:

- a. An award of interest, including prejudgment interest at the legal rate;
- b. Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable; and
- c. An award of penalties, attorneys’ fees, and costs of suit, as allowable under the law, including, but not limited to, pursuant to Labor Code § 218.5, § 226, and/or § 1194.

DATED: August 25, 2022

**ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC**


By:   
Shani O. Zakay  
Attorney for PLAINTIFF

**DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL**

PLAINTIFF demands a jury trial on issues triable to a jury.

DATED: August 25, 2022

**ZAKAY LAW GROUP, APLC**

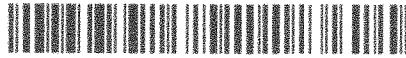
By:   
Shani O. Zakay  
Attorney for PLAINTIFF

**SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION**

- Complete items 1, 2, and 3.
- Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.
- Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.

1. Article Addressed to:

Crash Champions, LLC  
 c/o CT Corporation System  
 330 N Brand Blvd, Ste 700  
 Glendale, CA 91203



9590 9402 7020 1225 2861 71

2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)

7021 1970 0001 8870 1026

**COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY**

A. Signature

X

Agent

Addressee

B. Received by (Printed Name)

C. Date of Delivery

D. Is delivery address different from item 1?  Yes  
 If YES, enter delivery address below:  No

AUG 30 2022

8/25/22 Vasquez. 002-377

3. Service Type

- Adult Signature
- Adult Signature Restricted Delivery
- Certified Mail®
- Certified Mail Restricted Delivery
- Collect on Delivery
- Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery
- Insured Mail
- Mail Restricted Delivery (0)
- Priority Mail Express®
- Registered Mail™
- Registered Mail Restricted Delivery
- Signature Confirmation™
- Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery

**SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION**

- Complete items 1, 2, and 3.
- Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.
- Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.

1. Article Addressed to:

MT Collision Centers, LLC  
 c/o CT Corporation System  
 330 N Brand Blvd. Ste 700  
 Glendale, CA 91203



9590 9402 7020 1225 2861 88

2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)

7021 1970 0001 8870 1040

**COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY**

A. Signature

X

Agent

Addressee

B. Received by (Printed Name)

C. Date of Delivery

D. Is delivery address different from item 1?  Yes  
 If YES, enter delivery address below:  No

AUG 30 2022

8/25/22 Vasquez 007-377

3. Service Type

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature                         | <input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery     | <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail®                         | <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restrictec Delivery        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery      | <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery     |   |

**SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION**

- Complete items 1, 2, and 3.
- Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.
- Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.

1. Article Addressed to:

MT Collision Centers Inc.  
 c/o Timothy J. Mullahay  
 4620 E. Cerro Vista Dr.  
 Anaheim, CA 92807



9590 9402 7020 1225 2861 64

2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)

7021 1970 0001 8870 1033

**COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY**

A. Signature

X

- Agent
- Addressee

B. Received by (Printed Name)

C. Date of Delivery

8/25/22

- D. Is delivery address different from item 1?  Yes
- If YES, enter delivery address below:  No

8/25/22 Vasquez 002-377

3. Service Type

- Adult Signature
- Adult Signature Restricted Delivery
- Certified Mail®
- Certified Mail Restricted Delivery
- Collect on Delivery
- Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery
- Priority Mail Express®
- Registered Mail™
- Registered Mail Restricted Delivery
- Signature Confirmation™
- Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery

Restricted Delivery